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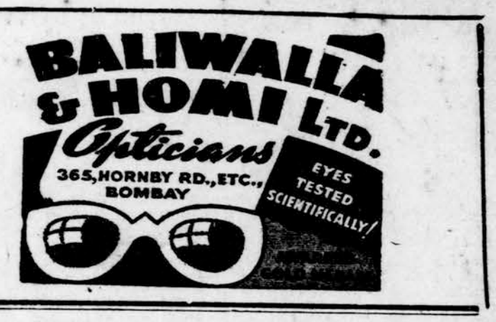


LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

GAEKWAR YIELDS TO POPULAR DEMAND

Grant Of Responsible Government To Baroda

UNRESTRICTED POWERS FOR CONSTITUTION-MAKING BODY

Plan For Council Of State And Interim Executive

BARODA, Aug. 29, (A.P.I.): The Maharaja of Baroda, by a proclamation published in a Gazette Extraordinary today, announced full responsible Government to his people without any reservations.

The proclamation stated that the constitution-framing Assembly to be elected for framing the new constitution "shall have full and unrestricted authority to frame such a constitution for the State as it deems necessary or expedient and no matter or subject whatsoever shall be excluded from its purview."

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

Pending the promulgation of the new constitution of the Assembly there shall be an executive Council consisting of a Dewan enjoying the confidence of a majority of the Dhara Sabha (Legislative Assembly) and such other members as will be appointed by the Maharaja on the recommendation of the Dewan. The entire executive authority in the State shall vest in the Executive Council, for which the Government of Baroda Act would be suitably amended.

COUNCIL OF STATE

The proclamation also announced the appointment of a Council of State consisting of Her Highness Maharani Shantadevi the Dewan and the Minister for Law to exercise all the powers and functions of the Ruler during his absence from the State.

TEXT OF PROCLAMATION

The following is the text of the proclamation:

"By my proclamation of January 9, 1948, I ordered the setting up of a body elected on the basis of adult franchise to frame a constitution for my State after excluding from its purview the subjects specified in schedule two to that proclamation; and pending the promulgation of the new constitution I announced my intention of creating an interim Government by appointing popular representatives to my Executive Council.

"Since then certain unfortunate difficulties have arisen in the implementation of these declarations and I am determined not only to remove those difficulties but to provide adequate safeguards against the emergence of any difficulties in future.

"I, therefore, hereby announce that:—

First—The constitution-framing Assembly to be elected in pursuance of my proclamation of January 9, 1948 shall have full and unrestricted authority to frame such a constitution for my State as it deems necessary or expedient and no matter or subject whatsoever shall be excluded from its purview. My proclamation of January 9, 1948 shall be deemed to be amended accordingly and the schedules thereto shall be deemed to be omitted.

Second—Pending the promulgation of the new constitution to be framed by the constitution-framing Assembly my Executive Council shall consist of Dewan who enjoys the confidence of a majority of the Dhara Sabha and such other members as will be appointed by me on the recommendation of the Dewan; and the entire executive authority of the state shall vest in the Executive Council. The Government of Baroda Act shall be deemed to be amended accordingly and in particular the words "or as may be otherwise directed by His Highness" occurring in section three and the whole of section four of the said Act shall be deemed to be omitted.

POWERS OF COUNCIL OF STATE

Third—There shall be a Council of State consisting of (1) Her Highness the Maharani Shantadevi (2) the Dewan, (3) the Minister in charge of the portfolio of Law and whenever His Highness is absent from the State the said Council shall have all the powers authorities jurisdiction and functions of His Highness whether prerogative or statutory, and every act of the said Council shall have the same force and effect as an act done by His Highness. In the event of any difference of opinion in the said Council the decision of the majority shall prevail. Any vacancy occurring in the said Council shall be filled by the Government of India.

"The said Council may make rules for the more convenient transaction of the business of the Council and may provide for the manner in which any order or other Instrument made and executed in the name of the said Council shall be authenticated and the validity of any order or instrument which is so authenticated shall not be called in question on the ground that it is not an order or instrument made or executed by the said Council."

JIVRAJ MEHTA'S BROADCAST

BARODA, August 29, (A.P.I.): Dr Jivraj Mehta, Premier of Baroda, in a special broadcast talk to the people over the Baroda radio this evening on the occasion of the Maharaja's proclamation of full responsible Government in the state emphasised the importance of village administration as the real foundation of democracy.

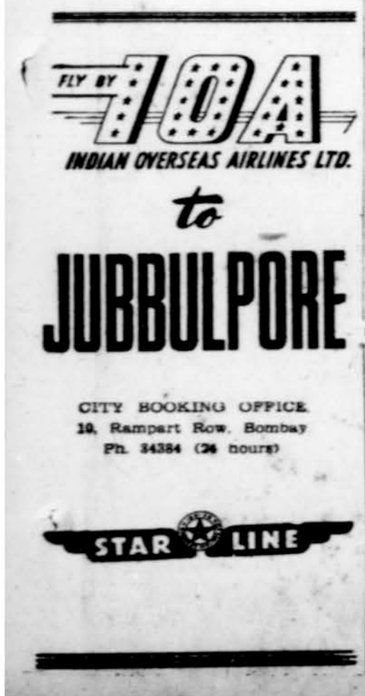
He said that the people should, therefore, see that only experienced and capable persons were sent to man the village and district Panchayats, municipalities and such other local bodies.

The Premier said that the names of the members of the new Executive Council would be shortly announced with the approval of the Maharaja and that it was hoped that the new Council would be handed over the reins of Administration before the end of this week at a Darbar to be specially called for the purpose.

TASK BEFORE NEW GOVERNMENT

It would be the duty of the new Government, he said, to look after the welfare of all the people of the state. The people should also realise their responsibility and should not interfere in the day to day administration of the State. They should take the initiative themselves in various aspects of public life and come forward with schemes of public welfare to which the Government would give their full co operation.

The problems of Baroda, the Premier continued, were closely intermixed with those of the rest of the Indian Union. In this connection he particularly referred to food and cloth ing. In the proper solution of these difficulties he saw the necessity of full co-operation with the Government of India.



PAKISTAN TROOPS ON KASHMIR FRONT

British Officers Lead Raiders

SRINAGAR, Aug. 29 (UPI).—It is now established that about four divisions of the Pakistan army are fighting on different fronts in Jammu and Kashmir, writes the U.P.I. correspondent. Out of these, two divisions are composed of Pakistan and two divisions are of Pakistan irregulars.

A large number of familiar British officers serving the Pakistan army have been detected leading the enemy on different fronts in the State.

PANDIT KUNZRU ON KASHMIR WAR

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29, (U.P.I.): "The military situation in Kashmir could not be regarded as satisfactory. Our troops had acquired themselves admirably well. They had cheerfully borne incredible hardships and responded magnificently under all circumstances to the call of the country but the outcome of their efforts depended largely on the policy and vigour of the Government of India", observed Pandit H. N. Kunzru, President Servants of India Soviety who recently visited Kashmir to study the present situation in a press communication.

Continuing he says: "it was not easy to appreciate the view point of the Government. They believed to have decided out of deference to the wishes of the U. N. Commission to stand-still when Pakistan completely disregarding its suggestions was making an all-out effort to crush our army both in Kashmir and Jammu. Such a policy could inspire no confidence."

Pandit Kunzru has expressed the hope that this policy would soon be reversed lest the country should have to pay heavily for it.

Referring to the fall of Skardu Pandit Kunzru said that while Gilgit had been bombed several times by our Air Force no air attack had been made on Skardu The cimatic conditions did not stand in the way of an attack on Gilgit; they could not have prevented the mombing of Skardu "Government should tell us why the Air Force was not utilised to relieve the immense pressure on the Skardu Fort" he concluded.

Purge Of Reds In Albania

3,000 PRO-YUGOSLAVS ARRESTED

BELGRADE, Aug. 29 (UPA).—A widespread purge of Albanian Communists sympathetic towards Yugoslavia has been started on the orders of the Albanian Premier, Colonel General Enver Hodja.

An unimpeachable source disclosed today that up to now over 3,000 Albanians had been arrested. Two-thousand of these were jailed before economic relations with Yugoslavia were broken at the beginning of July, and 1,000 since then.

RAMADIER ASKED TO FORM CABINET

PARIS, Aug. 29 (Reuter).—Leaderless France was today waiting to see whether M. Paul Ramadier, former Socialist Premier, would accept President Vincent Auriol's request to form a Government to replace the month-old Coalition Cabinet of M. Andre Marie, which fell early yesterday.

M. Ramadier, to whom the President offered the Premiership this morning, said he would give his answer this evening after consulting Socialist colleagues and other party leaders.

COMMUNISTS MAY BE EXCLUDED

Political observers inferred that he intended to try to form a coalition—excluding the Communists—with a drastic economic programme, or, if the other parties would not agree, to form an all Socialist Government.

Radicals, moderates, and even popular Republicans blame the Socialists for the fall of the last two Governments.

Should M. Ramadier refuse to form a Cabinet, it is considered likely that President Auriol will call on M. Robert Schuman.

Bikaner Ruler In City

BOMBAY, Aug. 29 (UPI): The Maharaja of Bikaner arrived in Bombay from Geneva by an Air India International plane today, after a two-month stay abroad.

Second German Republic

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY TO MEET AT BONN-ON-THE-RHINE

FRANKFURT, August 29 (Reuter).—The second German Republic will be born on Wednesday, nine years from the day when Adolf Hitler started the war that destroyed his Third Reich.

On that day the Assembly which will lay the constitutional foundation will meet at Bonn on the Rhine.

The first Republic was born in the Weimar of the German writers Goethe and Schiller; the second begins in the birth place of Ludwig Von Beethoven. Like the first, it starts amid the ruins of a lost war and in a quiet city closer to the traditions of the German classics than to the memories of German military power. But here the analogy ends.

The start of the Second Republic is more difficult as the Second World War was more destructive. It takes place more than three after the end of the war in a country whose cities are largely reduced to rubble. Rebuilding has barely begun under the impulse of currency reform and Marshall Aid and its economic revival is precarious.

The Bonn Assembly owes its existence to the London Conference of the Western Powers held without German participation, which decided to authorise the west German Ministers-President to call a Constituent Assembly on certain terms.

Its composition is confined to delegates from the western zones and Berlin, and the validity of its work applies to the western zones alone. Its work will require the approval of the military governors as well as that of the German people.

Meanwhile the fate of Berlin's City Government, in the balance for the past four days, was expected to be known by midnight tonight.

CITY ASSEMBLY'S FATE

Doctor Otto Suhr, President of the City Assembly, said this afternoon that he was standing by for a reply from Major-General Alexander Kotikov, Soviet Commandant of Berlin, to his latest communication requesting Russian action to protect the Assembly from Communist demonstrators.

The reply, Doctor Suhr said, was expected to arrive by midnight.

Doctor Suhr said this afternoon that he proposed calling a meeting of the city elders for tomorrow, and would call a meeting of the City Assembly in the City Hall for Tuesday if General Kotikov met his demands.

If his demands were not met, Docend of the war in a country whose cities meeting in one of the western sectors.

WESTERN ENVOYS MEET AGAIN

MOSCOW, Aug. 29 (UPA): British Envoy Frank Roberts and French Ambassador Yves Chataigneau met at United States Ambassador Walter Bedell Smith's office for almost two hours this morning.

The three Western envoys resumed the discussion begun at the British Embassy yesterday in connection with Friday's joint session with Soviet Foreign Minister V. Molotov and Deputy Foreign Minister Andrei Vishinsky. It is presumed the envoys already have received new instructions from their capitals on the basis of which they can request another meeting with the Russians. It also is generally believed the Westerners discussed the possible effect of the French political crisis and the wording of the communique which is still expected.

MRS PANDIT EXPECTS LIMITED AGREEMENT

Mrs. Vijayalaksnmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to Moscow, told the United Press of America that the British Embassy was maintaining normally close contact with the Dominion envoys here representing Canada, Australia, New Zealand and India.

Mrs. Pandit was satisfied that the British Embassy was observing the courtesies to be expected in such circumstances, but she emphasized the Dominions lack detailed knowledge of the day-by-day proceedings which remains a jealously guarded secret of the Big Four Powers.

Mrs. Pandit's impression was that the talks were narrowly confined attempts to work out a basis for an eventual settlement of the Berlin problem. She is not over optimistic and does not expect any far reaching agreement.

Reemphasising that her statement was based on pure impression and was not the result of specific information, Mrs. Pandit said she expected the announcement of a limited agreement with regard to Berlin soon.

Jute Export From E. Bengal

DACCA, August 29, (U.P.I.): It is learnt that the Government of East Bengal have decided to postpone issuing of licences to exporters of jute till January, 1949.

NEHRU NOT TO ATTEND U. N. SESSION

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29, (U.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru Prime Minister of India is not going to Paris to attend the Septemoer session of the General Assembly of the United Nations learns the United Press of India.

It was earlier decided that the Prime Minister would visit Paris from London where he would have gone for the Commonwealth Prime Ministers' Conference and led the Indian delegation to the U. N. Assembly during his brief stay there in Paris.

Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Leader of the Indian delegation has been summoned to Delhi to meet the Prime Minister and to have consultation with the External Affairs Ministry and other members of the Indian delegation before the Indian delegation leaves for Paris.

Mrs. Pandit is expected to arrive in Delhi in the first week of September. Other delegates will also be in Delhi at that time.

According to the present programme the Indian delegation is scheduled to leave for Paris by air on September 14.

Ganges In Spate

23 RIVERINE VILLAGES FLOODED

CAWNPORE, Aug. 29, (A.P.I.): Rising further in spate last night the river Ganga flooded 23 riverine villages round about Bithur in Cawnpore District sending 3,000 villagers surrying for safety.

No loss of life has been reported though considerable damage to crops and property has been caused.

In Cownpore city itself the Parmat locality washed by the Ganga is standing in knee-deep water and 10,000 city dwellers here are moving to other areas as most of the houses here are 'Kuchha'.

Last night the river rose beyond the 374 feet flood mark—the highest reached since 1914.

100 VILLAGES SUBMERGED

Reports received from the flooded areas in Kanpur and Unnao districts show that approximately a hundred low-lying villages are sumberged in water resulting in considerable damage. All the Ghats and temples situated on the banks of Ganga in Kanpur and Unnao districts are under water.

Government and public institutions are rendering all possible relief to the flood-stricken people who are taking shelter on the Kanpur-Unnao road and near the Ganges bridge.

River Ganga is still rising and owing to a heavy downpour which started this evening it is feared that the river will record a further rise beating all previous records.

Conolly Says His Mission Is Non-Political

COLOMBO, August 29 (Reuter).—Admiral R. L. Conolly, United States Naval Commander in the Eastern Atlantic and Mediterranean, said on arrival here today that his visits to the three new Dominions of India, Pakistan and Ceylon were "entirely friendly and a gesture of goodwill". He said his mission had no political significance, and denied reports that Britain and the United States had agreed to share the Ceylon naval base of Trincomali.

The Admiral, accompanied by high-ranking naval officers, has already visited India and Pakistan and tomorrow will fly to Trincomali as guest of the British Commander-in-Chief, East Indies Station.

Siam And Burma To Exchange Envoys

RANGOON, Aug. 29 (Reuter).—Siam is to establish an embassy in Burma following discussions between the Sawbwa of Momeik, Burmese Acting Foreign Minister, and the Siamese Government, it was announced here today.

CITY TO HAVE OCCASIONAL SHOWERS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Cloudy weather with occasional showers is expected in Bombay City and suburbs on Monday, according to the Santa Cruz Forecasting Station today.

The Santa Cruz weather bulletin says, "The Monsoon is moderate in Konkan. It has also strengthened in Gujarat where fairly widespread rain has fallen No rainfall was recorded at Colaba during 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. today. Santa Cruz and Juhu observatories registered during this period 15 cents and 5 cents respectively. Baroda Devgadh and Marmagoa recorded 1/4 inch of rain.

The total rainfall recorded at Colaba since June 1 amounted to 52.9 inches which is 2.8 inches below normal."

The forecast says, "Fairly widespread light to moderate rain will continue in Gujarat for a day or so. A few showers are also expected in Saurashtra during the next 24 hours."

White Paper To Embody Anti-Inflation Plans

GOVERNMENT STARTS TALKS WITH INDUSTRIALISTS

Economists' Plea For Taxation Opposed

NEW DELHI, AUGUST 29 (UPI).—A TWO-DAY MEETING OF REPRESENTATIVES OF INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS OPENED TODAY TO FORMULATE FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S CONSIDERATION CONCRETE PLANS TO CHECK INFLATION AND TO INCREASE PRODUCTION. THE MEETING IS THE LAST OF A SERIES WHICH THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA HAVE CALLED DURING THE LAST THREE WEEKS TO OBTAIN VIEWS OF THE DIFFERENT INTERESTS CONCERNED ON THE ECONOMIC PROBLEMS OF THE COUNTRY.

The Government of India have already consulted representatives of labour, economists and banking interests, and have before them the recommendation made by these three groups.

PROPOSALS BY MONDAY

The meeting of industrialists which opened today, is expected to submit their proposals by tomorrow evening, and the Government of India will examine all the four sets of recommendations and arrive at a final decision. In the formulation of these final decisions, a consultative body drawn from these four groups will be given an opportunity to associate themselves.

The general trend of opinion among the industrialists today appeared to be opposed to some of the taxation proposals which are reported to have been put forward by the economists.

A reassuring reference was made to this point by Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee and Mr. K. C. Neogy, who, in their opening remarks, are understood to have stated that though the proposals made by the economists had received publicity in the press, that did not invest those proposals with any special importance and that Government were not for that reason bound by those proposals to any greater extent than by the proposals which the other groups had made or would make.

ASSURANCE TO INDUSTRIALISTS

The industrialists were assured that the proposals they would make would be considered along with those already made and Government would come to a quick decision. The Ministers indicated in the meeting that those who had assembled today, representing industrial interests, were expected to make concrete proposals that could be adopted immediately and could be fitted in the industrial plan already contemplated.

The meeting formed itself into committees to consider issues such as the amount of money in circulation, capital issues, the state of taxation, prices, etc.

Those attending the meeting are Mr. G. D. Birla, Mr. Lalji Mehrotra, Mr. A. D. Shroff, Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Lala Shri Ram, Sir James Doak, Mr. H. W. T. Hain, Mr. A. P. Benthall, Mr. Padampat Singhania, Mr. Debesh Ghosh, Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Mr. M. Visveswarayya, Mr. S. P. Jain, Mr. V. Seshasayee, Mr. J. N. Mukherjee and Mr. N. R. Sarkar, Mr. Yodh Raj and Mr. Thakur are representing banking interests.

WHITE PAPER TO BE PUBLISHED

The A.P.I. adds: It is understood that, after the receipt of the recommendations of the industrialists, the Government of India will issue a White Paper, embodying the proposals received from the representatives of industries and labour and economists. The Government of India will then call a representative conference, the delegates to which will be drawn from the consultative bodies which had submitted their recommendations.

After this conference the Government will announce their conclusions on the recommendations.

Initiating the proceedings of today's conference the Finance Minister Mr. Neogy is reported to have removed certain misunderstandings entertained by industrialists following the publication of the reported recommendations of the economists. He said that the Government of India were not committed to any recommendations so far received. The suggestions hitherto submitted will assist the Government to assess the problems and devise remedies.

Policy To Be Announced In Parliament

NEW DELHI, August 29, (U.P.I.): It is understood that the Government of India is likely to announce a definite and clear-cut policy to combat inflation and arrest the rising tide of prices of commodities on the floor of Parliament on September 3 next.

Economists To Confer Again

POONA, Aug. 29, (U.P.I.): A meeting of the Indian economists has been convened by the Government of India to consider again their recent recommendations. Principal D. R. Gadgil will leave for Delhi on September 4.

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Wanted for Washing and Dry Cleaning Company, competent and experienced hands for managing and handling work. Write Box No. 9439 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a diesel engineer and mechanic with ten years experience of maintenance of large size diesel plant preferably marine. Apply with terms and testimonials to Chief Engineer (Development), U.P., P.W.D., Irrigation Branch, Lucknow. 1204

Wanted two trained Graduate Women Teachers for work with hospitalised children, one with teaching experience in primary schools and the other with a handicraft or Montessori training and experience. Ability to speak, read and write Hindi, Marathi and Gujarathi essential. Knowledge of other languages an advantages. Salary scale Rs. 100-5-200 plus Rs. 12 8 - Compensatory local allowance, Rs. 15/- House rent allowance, and Rs. 35/- Dearness allowance. Apply on or before 15th September, 1948, to the Registrar, Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Byculla, Bombay 8. (1238)

Wanted an experience Clerk with knowledge of Typing and Accounts. Good opportunity for young man for learning advertising and publicity methods. Apply Box No. 9999 "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited from influential and respectable gentlemen for the post of District Organisers on a salary of Rs. 250/- per month plus commission for selling shares and 5 years Investment Certificates Please write to Bengal Improvement Trust Ltd. 7A, Clive Row, Calcutta (1134)

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad apply for 'Terms' (stating qualifications and desires) to Roberts & Co., employment Agents, Subathu (Simla Hills). (9405)

SITUATION WANTED

Experienced fast Typist Clerk with knowledge of Accounts seeks part time Job. Apply Box No. 9432 "Bombay Chronicle."

A Science Graduate offers services in any capacity, to an England/U.S.A.—going person during or/and after journey, to meet his travelling expenditure. Please contact Box 9422 "Bombay Chronicle," Bombay.

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or Stockists. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co. 24/3, Ratan Sarkar Garden Street, Calcutta 7. 9429

Wanted Selling Agents in each city to sell our Washing soaps. Terms are very liberal, apply to the Managing Director, "Saraswati Vegetable Oil Mills" Ltd., 428, Kalbadevi, Road. Bombay. (9377)

Wanted Advertising Agent to represent The 'Navasakti' weekly in The 'Rastravani' Daily at Bombay on a salary of rupees 100/- plus the usual commission. Apply to the Manager, 'Navashakti' Publishing Co., Ltd., Patna. (1227)

Wanted Agents and Stockists for our newly arrived U.S.A. Fountain Pens. Write for samples and free agency terms to:—Capson and Company. Post Bag No. 21-A. Delhi. (9376)

Wanted Agents and Stockists for our Pearl Nut. Aluminium Buttons. Bombay Button Works. Beat 3. Amritsar. 9425

FINANCE AND PARTNERSHIP

Wanted Investors as Partners for a Film Industry for the production of classical and educational pictures. Bombay people need write:— Box No. 574. Poona—2. 9412

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Visit —Associated Machine and Tool Company's Showroom at 130, Medows Street, Bombay, where various kinds of machinery, electrical equipments and engineering tools are displayed (7430)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Sterling Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works Ltd. Write for Particulars 302/1 Upper Circular Rd Calcutta. 8136

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale Saltpetre in bulk. Ready for immediate shipment. F.O.B. Karachi Rupees 45/- per maund. Enquiries solicited. Reply Pakistan Saltpetre Trading Corporation. 3/50, Shikarpur Colony, Karachi. (9443)

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived Call early to have the pick of the lot. Raval Tiles & Marble Ltd. 97A, Queen's Road Bombay 1 6778

For sale: New Bus suitable for Air Lines on Dodge Chassis. 200" Wheelbase. Contact Mr. S. J. Sawant, 178, Lady Jamshetji Road, Dadar. 9415

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY-TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the purchase of Non-ferrous scrap available for disposal at the Mechanical Stores Depot, 'Mechanical' Shops, Parel, Bombay. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 29-9-1948. 1201

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the supply of two Concrete Mixers and two Tar Boilers. Tenders will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 1st October, 1948.

Forms of tender with specification will be issued by the Mechanical Engineer to any one deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 2/- for each tender form.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application at his Office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, give any further information that may be required.

By order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
1234

FOREST RANGERS COURSE 1949/51

SELECTION of candidates for the above Course will be made by the Chief Conservator of Forests, Province of Bombay, Poona, in October, 1948. Intending candidates should apply through the nearest Divisional Forest Officers by 18th September, 1948. For further particulars and sample form of application, see Notification appearing in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, dated 26th August or 2nd, 9th and 16th September 1948.
Poona, 18th August 1948. (1219)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

LECTURER IN PHYSIOLOGY, GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE, BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 9-10-1948, from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and Non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the post of LECTURER IN PHYSIOLOGY, GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE, BOMBAY. QUALIFICATIONS: — Post-graduate qualification in the subject and/or research work published in a recognised journal, and at least 2 years' experience as Demonstrator. AGE:— Not more than 35 years on 1-12-1948, relaxable in the case of a highly qualified and experienced candidate. PAY:— Rs. 400-700 PLUS such compensatory local and house rent allowance as admissible. Higher starting pay allowed. The officer will be debarred from private practice of all kinds. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3 1/2 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay," who will also supply full details on request. (1236)

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on FRIDAY, the 3rd September, 1948 (PARSI NEW YEAR) MONDAY, the 6th September, 1948, (GANESH CHATURTHI), TUESDAY, the 7th September, 1948 (SAMVATSARI) and WEDNESDAY, the 8th September, 1948, (KHORDAD SAL), those days being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

C. W. MIDDLETON,
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 25th August, 1948. 1235

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of the public that copies of the report on the "Outlines of the Master Plan for Greater Bombay" are available for sale between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. (B.T.) in the office of the Special Engineer, Municipal Head Office at Rs. 7-8-0 per copy. Copy of the plan only can be had at Rs. 2/- each. Copies can be sent by post on receipt of the amount plus annas 10/- and annas 6/- respectively for postage, etc.

N. V. MODAK.
Special Engineer.
Bombay, 25-8-1948. 1237

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-EIGHTH LOCAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India on the Branch Register of Shareholders kept at the Bombay Local Head Office of the Bank will be held at the Bombay Local Head Office, Apollo Street, Bombay, on Monday, the 30th day of August 1948, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) for the purpose of electing two persons to be members of the Local Board to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of Mr. L.F. H. Goodwin and Sir Vithal N. Chandavarkar who go out of office at such Meeting but, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

By Order,
C. W. MIDDLETON
Secretary & Treasurer (Offg.)
Bombay.
Bombay, 22nd July, 1948. 1021

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE and small pieces of Silk Cloth of Cloth Shop including Glassdoor, Show Cases, Cupboards, Chairs, Side Boards, Stools, etc. Ceiling Fans on Wednesday, 1-9-48 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the said Shop opp. London Hotel, near Super Cinema, Grant Road, Bombay, under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court as the receiver appointed in Bombay High Court Suit No. 4121 of 1947 (Nurjaha Begam v/s S. K. Irani).
Terms: 25% cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Radio, Gramophone, One Organ, Crockery, Motor Car, including 3 Steel Cupboards of Olvin, Wooden Cupboards, Steel Frame, Sofa Sets, Dining Table, Chairs, Writing Tables, Palm Stand, Gramophone Records, One lot Glassware, etc. on THURSDAY, 2-9-48 at 12 noon (S.T.) at our Auction Rooms, 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, as the receiver appointed in Bombay High Court, Suit No. 914 of 1947 (M/s. Chemnaji Umaji & Co. v/s M/s. M. K. Din and ors.)
Terms 25% cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
In Insolvency.
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE A DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the insolvent.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	95 of 1941	Booba Manappa Attavar	FIRST
2.	70 of 1946	Jehangir Kaikhushru Panday	FIRST
3.	117 of 1946	Dinshaw Limjibhoy Bilimoria	FIRST
4.	114 of 1943	Pratapsing Bhagwandas Mody	FIRST & FINAL
5.	69 of 1946	Cyril Hugh Grostate	FIRST & FINAL
6.	337 of 1938	Vithaldas Tulsidas Mehta	Second
7.	179 of 1942	Lawrence Archibald Merwyn Renolds	Second
8.	215 of 1939	Subramani Iyer Parameshwara Iyer	SECOND & FINAL
9.	25 of 1944	Sayed Karamat Hussein Badamiya	SECOND & FINAL
10.	193 of 1941	Colin Rowiet Kerr	THIRD
11.	102 of 1939	Patrick Martin	FOURTH
12.	106 of 1939	Kallidaikurichi Venkatachala Ramnathan	FOURTH
13.	146 of 1941	James Smith	FOURTH
14.	162 of 1941	Ardeshir Jamshedji Patel	FOURTH

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within fourteen days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so, their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned within fourteen days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay dated this 21st day of August, 1948
Official Assignee's Office
High Court, Bombay.

G. G. MAHADEVIA
Official Assignee of Bombay
(1140)

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AMENITIES FOR INDIAN TROOPS

Committee Of Central M. L. A.'s Formed

NEW DELHI, Aug. 28 (API)—A committee of 38 legislators to provide amenities and comforts for Indian troops was formed at a meeting held here this evening with Prime Minister Pandit Nehru in the chair.

Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan will be the chairman, Prof. N. G. Ranga, Mrs. Renuka Ray and Mr. Satya Narain Sinha will be the three secretaries of the Committee.

Pandit Nehru said at the meeting that it was high time such a committee was formed.

The troops fighting in Kashmir came from all over India and thus it was necessary that the committee to provide amenities for them was of an all-India character with local branches in various parts of the country.

The committee, he suggested, should work in co-operation with the Indian Forces Welfare Ladies Committee which had been in existence since last years.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, Secretary of the Congress Party in the Dominion Parliament, said that Kashmir war was a major operation and it was their own war. Kashmir was an integral part of India and it was the duty of every Indian to help to win the war.

Lady Bucher, wife of the Commander-in-Chief of India, explained the work done by the Indian Forces Welfare Ladies Committee.

The meeting was attended by members of the Central Cabinet and Legislature and a number of ladies.

Gandhi National Memorial Fund

The following is the thirtieth list of contribution to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund, Bombay City:

Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Rs 10,000 Messrs. Bombay Country and Fancy Piece Goods Merchants Assn. 5,001 Messrs. Vadilal Kashidas, 4,001 Messrs. Anupchand Ratilal 3,001 Messrs. Dahyabhai Shobharam, 3,001 Messrs. Ratanshi Valabhdas, 3,001 Messrs. Bhagwandas Narandas, 3,001 Messrs. Vadilal Chatrabhuj, 3,001 Messrs. Mancharan Gangaram, 2,001 Messrs. Karsandas Pullchand, 2,001 Messrs. Ramanlal Jesangbhauj, 3,001 Messrs. Mancharam Gangadas, 1,501 Messrs. Bhupatrai Jayantilal, 1,501 Messrs. B. Gordhandas 1,101 Messrs. Chandrakant Chotalal 1,001 Messrs. Bhagwandas Punjabhai, 1,001 Messrs. N. H. Bhatt, 1,001 Messrs. Raghavji Vallabhdas, 1,001 Messrs. Shamjibhai N. Parekh, 1,001 Messrs. Savalilal Maneklal, 1,001 Messrs. Savalilal Chandrakant, 1,001 Messrs. Parmanand Karsandas, 1,001 Messrs. Hiralal Mathuradas 1,001 Messrs. Manilal Harilal, 1,001 Messrs. Premji Bhimji, 1,001 Messrs. Ratansi Pragji, 1,001 Messrs. Champaklal Jayantilal, 1,000 Messrs. Mansukhlal Manilal, 1,000 Messrs. Vallabhdas Mathuradas 501 Messrs. Vallabhdas Mathurdas 501 Messrs. Bhagubhai Ratilal 501 Messrs. Dwarkadas Gordhandas, 501 Messrs. Haridas Keshavji 501 Messrs. Gulabchand Harachand, 501 Messrs. Ramdas Madhavji Jesang, 401 Messrs. Chotalal Bhikhabhai, 501 Messrs. Cuamoshi Kalyan, 501 Messrs. Manmohandas Ratanshi, 501 Messrs. Jamnadas Laljibhai, 301 Messrs. Girdharlal Navnitlal, 251 Messrs. Laxminarayan Mansukhlal, 251 Messrs. Cairanjilal Gupta, 251 Messrs. Tulsidas Chatrabhuj, 251 Messrs. Jethabhai Kasalchand, 251 Messrs. C. Vadilal, 251 Messrs. Bhagwandas Trikamdas, 151. Messrs. J. Kaniyalal & Co., 101 Messrs. Ambalal Aditram, 101 Messrs. Jeddamailk Amarnath, 101 Messrs. Chandulal Bhadubhai, 101 Messrs. Bravinchand Jagdish Kumar, 101 Messrs. Ramanlal Bhawanidas, 101 Messrs. Damodar Parmanand, 101 Messrs. K. Bhagwandas & Co., 51. Total Rs. 65,851.

Total collections received as per the thirty lists released for publication so far Rs. 5,28,986-9-6.

LIST NO. 31.

The Patel Cotton Co., Ltd., through the East India Cotton Merchants Association Rs. 25,000 Vasonjee Morarjee through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 15,000 Arjun Khimji & Co., through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 10,000 Narsee Nagsee & Co., through the East India Cotton Merchants Association Rs. 7,500, Ramrikh Cursondas & Co., through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 10,000 Chunilal Pranjivandas & Co., through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 7,500 Ganeshnarayan Matadin, through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 7,500 Khimji Vishram & Sons, through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 7,500 Ramrikhdas Durgaprasad, through the East Indian Cotton Merchants Association, 7,500 Mahomed Sulaman & Co., through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 5,000 N. Futehally & Co., through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 5,000 Khimji Vishram & Co., through the East India Cotton Merchants Association, 2,500 The Staff of Arjun Khimji & Co., 1,201 The staff of N. Fatealy & Co., 924-2 Friends Club, 451 Huns Dewan & Co., 251 Ismail Currimbhoy, 251 Residents of Birla Mansion Mandal, 201 The staff of Bombay Central Excise Office, 131-8 M. Cochin, 114 Gajanan Bodes, 101 Ramdas Dossa & Co., 101 Sundry donors each carrying less than Rs. 100, 5,005 Husain Marally & Co., (Staff), 1,128 Dr. Hirabhai S. Patel, 1,001, Total Rs. 1,23,360-10.

Total collections received as per the thirty-one lists released for publication so far Rs. 6,52,347-3-6 upto the end of 17th August, 1948.

LIST NO. 32.

Premji Bhanji & Co., Rs. 5,001 Mansey Lakhamsey & Co., 2,501 Nagindas Vadilal Shah, 1,001 The Chairman G N M F G I P Rly Bombay, 728-7-3 The staff of Bombay Central Excise Collectore, 552 11-1 Hariram Gopalji & Co, 501 Raja S. Wagh, 333 Bhanji Tejshi & Co, 251 R. D. Billimora, 217 G. B. Pordulkar & Co. 201 B. F. H. B. Tyabji, 160 R. M. S. Department, Bombay, 157 Staff of Patanwala Glass Factory, 154-5 Hari Mhaadev Vaidya, 151 The Staff of Bombay Legislative Dept., 12 Govt. of India Overseas Communication Service, Bombay, 100 C. S. Mody, Hon Treasurer G. N. M. F., Santacruz, Bombay, 1412 Sundry donors each paying less than Rs. 100, 412-10 Total Rs. 13,959-1-9.

Total collections received as per the thirty-two lists released for publication so far Rs. 6,66,306-5-3 up to the end of 20th Aug., 1948.

OVERSEAS RADIO TELEPHONE

Service Extended To More Countries From Sept 1.

NEW DELHI, August 29. (A.P.I.): Overseas radio telephone service will be extended to France, Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg and Switzerland from September 1, 1948, says a Press Note.

Charges for calls to France, Netherlands, Belgium and Luxembourg will be Rs. 44 for first three minutes, Rs. 14-11 for each subsequent minute and Rs. 4 for report charge. The charges for calls to Switzerland will be Rs. 48 for first three minutes, Rs. 16 for each subsequent minute and Rs. 5-6 for report charge.

The hours of the service will be the same as between India and the United Kingdom.

CLOTH SEIZED IN KUTCH

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, August 28: The Cutch State police have recently seized large supplies of the finer count cotton textiles, sought to be carted to Pakistan from Khavda via the Runn of Cutch. Suspecting foul play when they saw a covered bullock-cart, followed by an armed escort, the police were told on inquiry that the Bibi Saheba, wife of the Syed Saheb of Khavda, was journeying by a bullock-cart to the neighbouring village of Jam-Kanaria.

When the police lifted the curtain to test the veracity of the escorting retainers' statement, they found to their amazement no sign of a human form divine", as the escorting armed retainers of the Syed Saheb had sought to make them believe, but thick-set cotton piecegoods of superior variety. Thereupon the racketeers were arrested and 23 takas of cotton textiles seized.

The patrols of the Customs police have been posted at intervals of one mile all along the entire frontier of the Banas Kantha District, extending over 100 miles, abutting the Pakistan border to make it impossible for the seasoned Jat racketeers of Varahi to remove cotton fabrics by means of their fleet-footed camels.

MADHYABHARAT UNION JAGIRDARS MEET

Unwillingness To Give Up Revenue Power

INDORE, Aug. 28, (A.P.I.): The two-day conference of small States Jagirdars of the Madhyabharat Union convened by the Revenue Minister to evolve a procedure for taking away revenue judicial and police powers enjoyed by the Jagirdars concluded here today. The conference was inaugurated by the Madhyabharat Union Premier, Mr. Radhalal Vyas, Revenue Minister presided.

Most of the Jagirdars, it is understood, have expressed the wish that they be allowed to retain for the present their revenue power while the judicial and police powers be taken away. The Revenue Minister is reported to have told them that it was not possible to differentiate between Jagirdars from Gwalior and Indore and those from smaller States He, however assured them certain concessions.

In the event of their unwillingness to surrender their powers an ordinance is likely to be promulgated by the Rajapramukh of the Madhyabharat Union divesting these Jagirdars of their revenue judicial and police powers.

CAPITAL MOVING TO GWALIOR

The capital of the Madhyabharat Union will move from Indore to Gwalior (winter capital) on September 15 next it is officially announced.

Rajkot's Veteran Publicist Dead

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Aug. 28: The Vadnogara Nagar community of Rajkot mourns the death of Mr. Anandrai G. Chhaya, which was sudden caused through heart-failure on August 24. Mr. Chhaya was a pleader of brilliant parts and took active part in all philanthropic movements.

Response For Recruitment Poor In Bengal

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28 (API)—Dr. B. C. Roy, Premier of West Bengal, regretted today that the response from Bengali youths for recruitment to the Bengal militia had been comparatively poor.

He said that the two battalions which were to be completed by the 15th of August were still far below the target figures, while the battalions for Bihar and Orissa had been fully raised before that date.

W. Bengal Congress Committee President

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28 (API)—Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee, President of the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee has, it is learnt, been informed by Acharya Jugal Kishore, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee that the Congress President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, has held the election of Dr. Banerjee as president of the W.B.P.C.C. as valid.

This ruling was given in reply to a reference made to the Congress President by Mr. Surrendra Mohan Ghosh, who presided over the meeting for the election of the President of the W.B. P.C.C. on an objection raised by some members of Dr. Banerjee's election on the ground that voting was not by ballot but by show of hands.

EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION

Decision Taken Despite Premier's Opposition

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS (By Air Mail): After a prolonged discussion, the Madras Congress Legislature Party decided that the Madras Government should adhere to the original programme of extending prohibition to the remaining 8 districts in the province and Madras city from October 1st. This decision of the party was taken despite the decision of the Executive Committee of the Party that it should be postponed till April 1, 1949 and strong appeals made by the Madras Premier and other ministers that immediate extension of prohibition throughout the province would involve administrative complications, as it would not be possible for the Government to spare the required police force to enforce prohibition, in view of the security position and the developments on the Hyderabad front. The Premier is also understood to have informed the Party that he could not be responsible for the effective enforcement of prohibition, if it was extended without perfecting the administrative and other arrangements needed to make it a success, particularly in view of the complaints that, in those areas where it has already been introduced, there is considerable amount of illicit distillation and other prohibition offences. The Premier did not state that if a decision contrary to his views was taken he would resign, but he is reported to have clearly brought home to the members that there were serious difficulties in the way.

MAJORITY VIEW

There was a minor section of the Party who, it is understood, advocated the postponement of extension by a year, but the vast majority were of the opinion that there could not be any postponement, in view of the repeated assurances they gave in the past to the public in that connection.

It remains to be seen now the Ministry and the Congress Party Executive Committee, which was responsible for the recommendation about postponement of the extension by six months, will now react to the decision of the party. The latter amounts virtually to a vote of "no confidence" in the executive and indirectly in the Ministry. It may be recalled here that two years back the Congress Party, despite the reluctance of the then Ministry, forced on the Government a decision to make the whole province dry in a period of three years, at the rate of 8 districts a year, and that so far 16 districts have been declared "dry" and 8 more districts and the Madras city remain to be brought within the scope of the measure. It may also be recalled that the Government decided a few weeks back that, in view of the lack of public co-operation generally and particularly, in those districts in which prohibition enforcement has been entrusted to the excise staff, and in view of the need for stricter enforcement, that work should be entrusted to the police. It is now well-known that during the recent visit of Pandit Nehru to Madras, he expressed the view that the Government might postpone further extension of prohibition in view of the general situation in the province, when the police have to discharge more urgent duties and cannot possibly be spared in sufficient numbers for prohibition work. It was this reported "advice" of the Pandit that led to the move on the part of the Government to secure postponement, though the Pandit's "advice", it is now stated, was intended to be only a friendly and not an official suggestion, which the Government and the Congress Party could either accept or not as they deemed appropriate.

Political circles in Madras are intrigued at the turn of events in the Congress Party, though there is no inclination to feel that it would lead to serious developments.

ANTI-HINDI AGITATION

The Madras Government have taken a big and definite step in their attempt to stem the anti-Hindi their attempt to stec the anti-Hindi agitation in Madras, when they arrested 97 persons, who are members of the Dravidar Khajagam, the body under whose auspices the anti-Hindi agitation has been going on in the province, including Messrs. E. V. Ramaswamy Naickar, C. N. Annandurai and T. P. Vedachalam, who are its most important leaders. All these members of the organisation had arrived in Madras to consider the extension of the anti-Hindi agitation to the mofussil areas also, but before they could arrive at a final decision on the question, they were taken into custody.

This action against the Dravidar Khajagam coincides with the visit of Shri C. Rajagopalachari, Governor-General of India, to Madras, and it may be recalled that the Khajagam decided to boycott the Governor-General's visit and to arrange a black flag demonstration on the occasion of his arrival in the city.

Dr. Katju's Tributes To Swami Vivekananda

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28 (API)—The Governor of West Bengal, Dr. Kailashnath Katju today paid a tribute to the contribution made by Swami Vivekananda to the social and religious life of the country.

Dr. Katju who was presiding over a public meeting held in observance of the 86th birth anniversary of Swami Vivekananda, said that the whole of India felt proud of Swamiji. Though Swamiji was no more, his teachings would always remind his countrymen to serve his fellow-beings, irrespective of caste and creed.

E. Bengal Refugees

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28 (API)—The Premier of West Bengal, Dr. B. C. Roy, told a press conference today that about 2,33,500 refugees from Eastern Pakistan were known to have already settled down in West Bengal, either through government assistance or through efforts of their own.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

STUDENTS CRITICISE FOODGRAIN POLICY

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 28.

Criticising the foodgrain policy and the repressive measures adopted by the Government of the Vindhya Pradesh, Shri Jagdish Chandra Joshi, a young public worker and the leader of the Students' organisation, Sewa, has deplored the action of the Vindhya Government in resorting to lathi-charge upon the students and the Socialist Party members at Tikamgarh who had assembled there to voice their protest against the heavy export of foodgrains from the Bundelkhand States despite there being an actual and acute shortage of grain in certain areas.

Shri Joshi has appealed to the Vindhya Pradesh Government to give first preference to Bundelkhand in the matter of the supply of food-grains and take effective and immediate measures to give relief to the suffering masses before the situation may get out of the hand.

VERIFICATION OF LAND CLAIMS IN E. PUNJAB

Verification of land claims registered with the East Punjab Government is on at 104 centres in East Punjab and East Punjab States. Refugee land-holders who have registered these claims and are at present residing outside East Punjab, East Punjab States or Delhi, need not come personally or send agents to assist in the verification of their claims. They should, however, send the following information to the Land Claims Officer, Department of Rehabilitation, Jullundur, before the 30th September, 1948, when it is proposed to be closed.

(i) Name and father's name.
(ii) Registration number/numbers, number of claim/claims.
(iii) Numbers of villages in which land held (name of village, tehsil and district).
(iv) Preference regarding the allotment.

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To-day

Hindu: Shrawan Vad 11 2004
Muslim: Savaal 24 1367
Parsi: Gatha 2 1317
Sunrise 6-24 A.M., Sunset 18-56 P.M.
Highside 08-50, 19-55 Lowside 01-30 15-05

Today's Engagements

THE CULTURAL GROUP. To provide a nucleus for the intelligentsia devoted to cosmopolitan, rationalistic way of thinking, the Cultural Group is formed to stimulate thought to develop humanitarian outlook, and facilitate interpersonal relationship. The Cultural Group endeavours to attain this end (1) by organising lectures and informal talks (2) by discussion of various topics of interest among members (3) by arranging cultural trips for developing inter-personal relationships (4) by providing an up-to-date library and reading room (5) by publishing a journal in a near future (6) by starting a Reading clinic for improvement of students' reading habits.

Members of The Cultural Group will have free access to the R.L. Trust Library and Reading Room situated at Arya Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road. Subscription is voluntary particulars from the Hon Secretary, A. A. Khatri at Arya Bhuvan, Near Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road (W), Bombay 4.

Shradha Day Of Mahatmaji

Under the auspices of the B.P.C.C. the Shradha Day of Mahatma Gandhi will be observed today (Monday). The programme as follows:- 8 A.M. Prayer at Peoples' Jinnah Hall 8-10 to 9-10 Sacrificial Mass spinning Jinnan Hall 6 to 6-30, Bhajans 6-30 Public meetings.

Bombay Mothers And Children Welfare Society

The Annual General Meeting of the above Society was held in Khed Dist. Poona, under the Presidentship of Rani Manaraj Singh.

Rani Manaraj Singh in her presidential address expressed satisfaction at the work carried out by the Society in its various Health Units and other Centres in the Presidency.

The Society has got 3 complete Health Units in Bombay City and 3 in the motussil including Maternity Homes and Welfare Centres for mothers and children which are conducted by its officers and trained staff. The Society trains its own Miowives and Health Visitors for manning these units. The Society also guides the work of 36 other Maternity & Welfare Centres in the Province and gives grants to these Centres.

In order to help the villages the local Dais are being trained by the Society on modern methods of Maternity and is finding work for them in villages. The Society also carries out Health Propaganda throughout the year in different villages in this Province and is thus helping to awake health consciousness among the villages.

The Society in its appeal begs generous help from Government and the general public to meet its deficit of over a lac of rupees this year on account of soaring prices and dearness allowance.

BOMBAY, August 30.
244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. M. Pandurang (Todi on Banjo) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 M. Pandurang 8-45 Dilip Kumar 9-0 Ratnakant Ramnathkar (Vocal Music) 12-0 Bahnoti Ke Liye 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Marea Weber And His Orchestra 2-0 Fritz Kreisler 2-15 New Mayfair Novelty Orchestra 4-20 Malati Pande (Vocal Music) 4-50 Table Par Gat Toda 5-0 U. K. Parikh 5-15 Malati Pande 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 U. K. Parikh 6-30 Aneer Bax 7-0 Topic Of The Day 7-10 Local Announcements And Weather Report 7-15 Master Abbu 7-30 p.m. Arthik Avalokan 7-45 Gurjar Rang-Bhumi 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Dilip Kumar 8-45 Been Par Chayanat 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk In English 10-0 Dilip Kumar (Gujarati Geeto) 10-15 Dhamar Se Thumri Tak.

VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7-40 a.m. Madhur Gani 5-45 p.m. Master Abbu 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
7-45 Commercial News 8-0 Malati Pande 9-0 Roshanara Begum 9-30 Bhavgeet 10-0 The Serenade 10-30 Columbia Broadcasting Symphony.

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'ANTI-INFLATION DAY'

Asoka Mehta Explains Cause For Cancellation

BOMBAY, Sunday. — Mr. Asoka Mehta has issued the following statement: "The Socialist Party, in co-operation with a score of other organisations of workers, salaried employees, women and students had planned to organize on 29th instant a demonstration against inflation", observed Asoka Mehta in the course of a statement. On this burning topic, if the psychological climate is to change an.. if policies of disinflation bilise public will through processions and meetings. On the eve of the Government's announcement of its are to succeed, it is necessary to mopolicy, such an expression of public opinion is not only a democratic right but a popular duty.

"To give the campaign a wholly constructive turn, a series of lectures by leading economists in the City was arranged between 24th and 27th instant. The demands for combating inflation were drawn in pursuance of the remedies suggested by the economists.

"Before making the elaborate preparations such as posters, leaflets, pamphlets, banners to make the Day a real success, we approached the Commissioner of Police to give us permission for a procession and a Rally on the 29th instant.

Mr. Asoka Mehta further points out that the Commissioner of Police granted permission through his letter dated 24th but on the 27th withdrew the permission.

Concluding Mr. Mehta says: We had sought permission for a series of meetings to be held from 10th to 14th August to review the various aspects of first year of freedom. The permission was sent to us through post on 11th August and it reached us on 12th August. The series scheduled to come off from 10th instant had therefore to be cancelled.

To register our protests we are cancelling our entire programme fixed for 29th August.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, August 29, (A.P.I.): Following is the weather summary for Sunday 29th August 29, 1948:—

Rainfall has been widespread in the south Konkan and north Malabar and over the region from south-east Rajputana and Berar to Gangetic West Bengal and the west United Provinces. Locally heavy rain has occurred in the west Central Provinces, west Central India and the adjoining parts of the west United Provinces.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 30TH:—Rainfall will increase in the west United Provinces, east Rajputana and east Gujarat and extend in east Punjab, west Rajputana and west Gujarat. Widespread rain is likely in the west United Provinces, east Rajputana, east Gujarat, Central India, the west Central Provinces, Berar, the south Konkan and north Malabar. Elsewhere no large change is expected.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely in the west Central Provinces, Berar, west Central India, east Gujarat and the adjoining parts of south-east Rajputana during the next 48 hours.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, August 29, (A.P.I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from June 1, 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.), on August 29, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 92 77 T 7.6 minus 16.2, Ahmednagar 80 70 0 14.8 plus 3.4, Allahabad 92 81 0.1 46.2 minus 19.1, Bangalore 81 66 0.2 22.0 plus 10.6, BOMBAY 86 77 T 52.9 minus 2.3, Calcutta 89 80 1.4 36.7 0, Colombo 86 79 0 20.8 plus 4.1, Delhi 87 76 T 20.6 plus 3.7, Hyderabad (Dn.) 83 71 T 15.6 plus 1.3, Lucknow 91 81 0.1 34.5 plus 7.3, Madras 98 82 0 7.5 minus 2.2, Mahableshwar 64 62 2.1 176.7 minus 41.2, Mysore 82 67 0 11.4 plus 3.3, Nagpur 81 73 1.3 27.7 minus 5.8, Patna 92 82 0 25.8 minus 5.3, Poona 77 71 T 14.0 minus 0.4, Shillong 79 61 0.2 59.9 plus 16.2, Sholapur 89 70 0.4 19.5 plus 7.1, Simla 77 60 0.1 35.1 minus 3.4.

Ganges And Jumna Rising

ALLAHABAD, August 29, (A.P.I.): The water level of the Ganges and the Jumna is rising at Allahabad. Some of the lowlying portions of the banks have already gone under, causing damage to the standing crops.

It is reported that the inhabitants of some villages on the banks on the river are thinking of evacuation as their villages are likely to be inundated soon if there is no decrease in the rise of the water.

Garhwal through which the two rivers flow has been experiencing heavy rainfall, according to reports received here.

Madhubani Free Of Flood Water

MADHUBANI, August 29, (A.P.I.): The floods in the rivers Kamla, Balanjiwach and Kosi in the district of Darbhanga have subsided and the rail services between Madhubani and Jayanga (Oudh Tirhut Railway) which had been suspended for several weeks have been resumed.

Madhubani town is also free from flood water. The roads of the town have, however, been badly damaged.

Through Service Restored

NEW DELHI, August 29, (A.P.I.): The collapsed abutment of tunnel between Jabli and Sonwara Stations on the Kalka-Simla Railway has been rebuilt and through communication was restored at six this morning, says a Press Note issued by the East Punjab Railways.

Booking of parcels and goods to Simla, the note adds, has been resumed with immediate effect.

'A SCHOLAR PATRIOT'

Tribute To Late Khadilkar At B.P.C.C. Condolence Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Glowing tributes to the memory of the late K. P. Khadilkar, doyen of Marathi journalism and founder-editor of 'Nava Kal' were paid by a number of speakers at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at Congress House this evening. Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Vice-President of the B.P.C.C. presided.

Mr. S. K. Patil, who is at Delhi at present in a letter sent to the president of the meeting expressed great sorrow at the loss of Sjt. Khadilkar. Mr. Patil stated that Sjt. Khadilkar was a great and colourful personality. He was, in a true sense, a scholar-patriot. A brave and trustworthy lieutenant of Lokmanya Tilak. He had done more than anybody else to interpret and convey Lokmanya's great political philosophy to the Marathi-speaking people of the country. He was one of the pioneers of Marathi journalism.

While moving a condolence resolution Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, Bombay, enumerated the various services rendered by Sjt. Khadilkar in the field of Marathi journalism and struggle for freedom. Mr. Vartak said that Sjt. Khadilkar's life was a monument so far as Marathi journalism was concerned. He roused the patriotic and national feelings among the thousands of his readers through his powerful and able pen.

The condolence resolution was supported by Mr. M. L. Dhanukar Shariff of Bombay and Dr. Choitram Gidvani, both of whom paid tributes to the services rendered by the late Sjt. Khadilkar for the achievement of freedom.

The resolution was passed, all standing.

Late Mr. Krishna Pillai

A meeting to condole the death of Mr. P. Krishna Pillai, Kerala Communist leader, was held at Poddar College on Saturday morning under the auspices of the Kerala Thozhilali Seva Sangh. Several speakers spoke of Mr. Krishna Pillai's contributions to the building up of the mass movement in Kerala—how he had taken the Congress to the masses in the thirties and was a leading member of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee; how he later built up the Congress Socialist Party and how later when the war began due to differences with the Socialist policy towards war, he joined the Communist Party. Mr. Pillai met his tragic and untimely end at Alleppey due to snake bite recently.

"A CASE FOR A MARITIME PROVINCE ALONG THE WEST COAST OF INDIA"

A Correction

In the article entitled 'A Case for a Maritime Province Along the West Coast of India", which appeared in our Friday's issue, the second and third sentences in the second paragraph in col. 6 of page 6, under the sub-heading "Two Administrative Units", should read as follows:

The other unit will have to be an entirely new composite Maritime Province, composed of the coastal districts situated north of Kerala, namely South and North Kanara, Ratnagiri, Savantwadi, Malvan, Janjira, Kolaba, Bombay City and Suburban Area and Thana District, with Daman as its northern apex. Such an administrative unit would admirably serve the purposes, detailed above, of properly looking after the problems connected with the defence of a little over 500 miles of the coastal strip north of Kerala.

MADRAS, August 28, (A.P.I.): Mr. K. E. Mackenzie, United Kingdom Trade Commissioner for South India is leaving Madras in the next days on leave in the United Kingdom. During his absence Mr. D. A. Bryan, O.B.E., formerly United Kingdom Trade Commissioner in Calcutta, will assume charge.

DACOITS' EXPLOITS IN W. TIBET

Premises Of Indian Trade Agent Attacked

ALMORA, August 28 (API).—About 50 armed dacoits attacked the premises of the Indian Trade Agent at Tokar Gunpha, in Western Tibet, and there was a skirmish between men of the Trade Agent and the dacoits. Both parties exchanged shots but none was injured, according to Mr. Hargovind Pant, M.L.A. (U.P.) and member of the Constituent Assembly, who returned to Almora yesterday after immersing Mahatma Gandhi's ashes in Manas Sarowar on Mount Kailas.

Mr. Pant said that he had written to the Governor of Western Tibet about giving adequate protection to Indian traders visiting Western Tibet during the trading season.

Mr. Pant also said that one or two Indian traders were deprived of the belongings by dacoits but half of the looted property had been recovered.

Bhopatkar Explains Hindu Mahasabha's Objective

NEW DELHI, August 29 (UPI): Answering criticism levelled against the recent resolution of the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha revising its previous resolution and deciding to resume political activities, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President of the Mahasabha, in a statement says:

"The gravest of the criticism is that if the Hindu Mahasabha begins to carry on its political activities, it is sure to spread the venom of communalism in the body-politic of the Indian Dominion and thereby imperil its safety and stability.

"But the fact is otherwise, the Hindu Mahasabha, though open only to the Hindus, has never claimed any special rights or privileges for the Hindus and has never advocated any but the principles of pure, unadulterated nationalism and democracy. Its slogan has ever been fair deal to all, majority as well as minority communities."

THAT INDIA'S VOICE MAY BE HEARD

Mr. Bhopatkar adds: "Believing as the Hindu Mahasabha does in the development of a strong democratic state in the Indian Dominion, it feels it to be its pious duty to strengthen such basic factors in the political life of the country, as it would enable us not only to retain what has been achieved, but also to make the voice of the Indian Dominion sufficiently powerful in World politics. It is with this object that the Working Committee has recently decided to call an early meeting of the All India Committee to review the political situation and to reorient and determine the nature and scope of the Mahasabha policy and objectives."

CALCUTTA CONGRESS LEADER SUSPENDED

CALCUTTA, August 28 (API).—Mr. Ram Hari Roy, a Congressman who is contesting the bye-election to the West Bengal Legislative Assembly from the Malda-cum-West Dinajpur Constituency against the candidate nominated by the Congress Central Parliamentary Board has been suspended from the Congress. The candidate nominated by the Home Minister of West Bengal. board is Mr. Kiran Sankar Roy.

Earlier a message from the Congress President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, was communicated to Mr. Ram Hari Roy, requesting him to withdraw in favour of the Congress candidate.

Mr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, member of the Congress Working Committee, and Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee, President of the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, also requested him to withdraw. According to the West Bengal Congress President, however, he has continued his candidature in defiance of these instructions.

The Executive Council of the W.B.P.C.C. will consider the nature of the punishment to be meted out to Mr. Roy. In the meanwhile he has been suspended from the Congress and his name has been removed from the Congress register.

ECONOMIC CONVENTION PLEADS FOR CONTROL OF COMMODITIES

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29, (A.P.I.): The ending of deficit financing by Government, compulsory saving applicable to all income-earners above a certain minimum, immobilisation of currency hoards above a limit, controlling of essential commodities and a maximum limit on currency notes were among the suggestions made to deal with the inflation situation in a resolution adopted by the Economic Convention on inflation which concluded its three-day session in Calcutta this evening.

The Convention considered that the first step that Government must take was to put a stop at once to deficit financing. But this measure by itself would be inadequate. It further recommended that "(1) a maximum limit should be appointed to fix this limit in accordance with the principle of cash requirements of the different incomes and optional groups on the basis of the price level.

"(2) Currency hoards should be unearthed and above a certain limit, immobilised. To this end the Government should call in all existing currency notes and issue fresh notes in exchange for the portion that will be allowed to go into circulation. Interest may be paid on the amount immobilised but it should be in the form of deferred payment.

"(3) The Reserve Bank should be given power to alter the Reserve ratio of commercial banks if it considers this necessary for restricting credit expansion.

"(4) A scheme of commodities such as foodgrains and cloth should be controlled and rationed.

"(5) Essential commodities such as foodgrains and cloth should be controlled and rationed.

"(6) On the goods side all maladjustments inclusive of transport and other bottlenecks and malpractices in administrative machinery should be immediately removed and import controls, wherever reasonable should be relaxed."

The Convention added that these measures should not be construed as implying any discouragement to normal investment. On the other hand, for the purpose of securing a well-regulated process of investment and assigning priorities, the Convention recommended that a National Investment Board should be constituted.

STERLING BALANCES

By another resolution the Convention expressed the opinion that "there should be no question of scaling down of Sterling Balances which are the hard-earned asset of India. These sterling balances were accumulated as a method of war finances and are among the causes of inflation in India. A contribution towards the solution of inflation in India would also be the purchase of British investments in India, as has been done in Canada, Australia and other Commonwealth countries against our sterling balances.

PASSENGER SAILING TO COCHIN.

M.V. "Sonavati" will be sailing hence for Cochin with cargo and passengers on Thursday the 2nd September. As usual preference will be given to through booked cargo to stations on S.I. Railway. Intending passengers will please note that this will be the last passenger sailing during the current monsoon season.

For further particulars please refer to Company's booking office at 100 Frere Road, (Telephone No 25061) or the Prince's Dock office (Telephone No 24086).

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The Bombay Chronicle

If you divorce Capital from Labour, Capital is hoarded, and Labour starves.
—DANIEL WEBSTER.

WORKERS' CHARTER

Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Labour Minister, was justly congratulated by the Central Assembly on Saturday on his ably piloting the Factory Bill through all its three readings. The Bill was not inaptly called the Factory Workers' Charter by many in the House. The Minister himself admitted that Bill did not include some important items of workers' welfare but, taken together with the State Insurance Bill, it does constitute, he said, a major portion of the workers' charter. It is not altogether a new Bill. It consolidates the old law on the subject and adds many beneficent features to it. It extends the benefits of the old Act to seasonal factories and provides for a minimum standard of space per worker, the supply of wholesome drinking water and arrangements for lunch rooms. It also prescribes the limits for over-time and increases the number of days of leave with pay. Not the least important feature is the provision for Works Committee in which the representatives of the workers will negotiate with the management on equal terms about working conditions. The Labour Minister justly expects this privilege to train workers to conduct their own Unions. The Bill is unquestionably a landmark in the progress of the Labour Movement in the country.

The shortcomings of the Bill are obvious. While it safeguards substantially the rights of nearly forty lakhs of factory workers, it does nothing for the millions of agricultural workers or to dock workers or those employed in building industries. The clauses regarding accidents are regarded by many as not giving adequate protection to workers. As regards the clause which permits women to work till 10 p.m. much unmerited criticism has been levelled against this enabling clause, which compels no woman to work in the second shift. It concerns only those women who need work but do not find it in the first shift. To them the choice is between no work and work till 10 p.m. and we are sure many women will prefer the second alternative as a valuable opportunity.

Some critics urged that India had by now fairly enough legislation to help Labour but that, despite it, the worker's economic condition was still far from satisfactory. That is but too true, though the legislation cannot be blamed for it. The new Factory Bill does much to improve the working conditions. The vital question of wages needs at present to be solved by other means. The Bill itself, particularly the provision in it for Works Committees, will help workers better to safeguard their economic interests by their direct negotiations with the factory management. It may not be long before fresh legislation may be brought up providing for profit sharing, bonus and such other methods to improve the economic condition of workers. As the most effective help in this behalf is more production, it behoves both employers and employees to strive their utmost to prevent strikes or to settle them speedily. Often in the past, workers have allowed themselves to be misled into declaring strikes by outsiders who are themselves misled by wrong political objectives and methods. But the Labour Minister recently pointed out that an analysis of the recent strikes revealed that most of them were due to the non-implementation of the award for increased dearness allowance and that attendance in general had increased. He has accordingly warned industrialists that, if they do not change their outlook and regard the workers as human beings, entitled to their rights as citizens, they will hasten their own ruination. Employers will do well to learn from the clear trend of Labour Legislation that what they fail to do voluntarily today they may be compelled to do in a fuller measure by fresh legislation.

A Futile Move

Mr. V. B. Bhopatkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has put forth a laboured apology for the proposed plan to revive that organisation. Mr. Bhopatkar asserts that the Hindu Mahasabha was never communal in its policy or programme. It was only communal in the sense that its membership was restricted to Hindus. This is a piece of special pleading which will convince no one. Are we to understand that the Hindus who joined to form the Mahasabha, did so with minds free from any communal prejudice? That the communal exclusiveness of the organisation was a mere accident which had nothing to do with the politics it favoured? These questions have only to be asked for the true nature of the Mahasabha to reveal itself. Had the leaders of the Mahasabha adopted this reasoning before the organisation was formed, there would have been no Mahasabha at all. However innocent it may seem, a communally organised political party is a danger to national well-being; and, if the men at the top are not conscious of this basic fact, the less they concern themselves with politics the better.

India has declared for a secular State. The very fist basis of a secular State is the political non-recognition of communities, sects, groups and castes. It is the recognition of the individual as the political unit and the elimination of all less loyalties which intervene between one citizen and another. Mr. Bhopatkar by talking of "fair deal to all, majority as well as minority communities" has betrayed how little he understands the meaning of Democracy. The secular State recognizes the community; it does not have any room for communities, much less for majorities and minorities, divided by faith or birth. Mr. Bhopatkar's intention of making the voice of the Indian Dominion powerful in world politics is a laudable one but his method is misdirected. India cannot be strong abroad and divided within—and communally divided at that.

There are even today, with the accepted goal of a secular State, concessions to communalism. Nationalists are forced to concede the place of communal organisations in religious and social matters. The draft constitution itself has provided for certain reservations for some communities for a limited period. All these are concessions, and no one regards them as particularly desirable in themselves. It is with a view to prevent communalism extending from these concessions into the political life of the country that the Government of India has directed Provincial administrations to discountenance political communalists in every way and to ignore them. In the light of that directive, Mr. Bhopatkar's attempt to revive the Mahasabha and his apologia are so much wasted effort; and he and his friends would be well advised to desist from proceeding further with the attempt.

Refugee Lawyers

Sir,—The Bombay Bar Council at its recent meeting passed a resolution requiring refugee lawyers having less than five years' practice at the Bar to pass the Council's Advocates examination to qualify themselves for enrolment as advocates of the High Court of Judicature of Bombay. One fails to comprehend with what idea and object the Bar Council passed this resolution which would only serve the purpose of putting the refugee to unnecessary expense and worry and to hamper and delay their rehabilitation in legal profession without being a burden on the State resources.

Naturally this has caused a great alarm to the refugee lawyers and given rise to complicated issues. Are the law examinations already passed by the refugee lawyers not enough? Has their previous enrolment as advocates of the highest Provincial Chartered Courts in any way become inferior or invalid because those Chartered Courts happened to be included in Pakistan due to the partition of India for no fault of the refugee lawyers? Would the Bar Council impose such restrictive conditions on the Advocates of other High Courts in India seeking enrolment as Advocates of the Bombay High Court? Has the Bar Council contemplated the case of those refugee lawyers, who in the first instance get themselves enrolled as Advocates of any other High Court in Indian Union unconditionally and then seek enrolment as Advocates of the Bombay High Court?

Even in ordinary cases and under normal conditions, the Bar Council can by a resolution passed at a meeting by the vote of not less than four-fifths of the total number of members of the Bar Council relax or dispense with any rules for enrolment in any case in which they think special circumstances justify such a course. In view of the present extraordinary exigency of the problem of the refugees rehabilitation and the already existing liberal provision for waiving any rules or conditions for enrolment, it is incomprehensible why the Bar Council thought it fit and wise to devise and impose a new and restrictive condition for the refugee lawyers' enrolment as Advocates of the Bombay High Court.

I earnestly appeal to the members of the Bar Council to revoke their recent retrograde resolution and thus enable the refugee lawyers to be enrolled as Advocates of the Bombay High Court without any condition, hitch or delay. Or else will Government of India intervene in the matter?

G. S. RAISINGHANI
Bhusaval, E. K.

Madras Prepares Case For Linguistic Provinces

BOUNDARIES COMMISSION TO DECIDE CITY'S FUTURE

(From Our Own Correspondent)
MADRAS, (BY AIR MAIL).

A Cabinet Sub-Committee of the Madras Government, appointed to draft a reply to the questionaire issued by the Linguistic Provinces Commission, is understood to have prepared a memorandum to be presented to the Commission setting forth the views of the Government on the question of the division of the Madras Province into linguistic provinces. The Sub-Committee, it is understood, has recommended the creation of three linguistic provinces out of the present composite Madras province, namely, Andhra, Tamilnad and Kerala, while as regards the Kannada areas in the province, it suggested that they could be incorporated in a Kannada province whenever it is created. The Sub-Committee is also reported to have expressed the view that both Tamilnad and Andhra provinces would be self-sufficient units, while the Kerala province might require a small subvention from the Central Government to enable her to be self-sufficient. As regards the boundaries of the new provinces, their delimitation should be left to the Boundaries Commission to be appointed, though as regards the Telugu areas in the Ganjam district, now included in Orissa, the Committee is understood to have suggested that the Madras Government should press for their re-inclusion in the Andhra province at the proper time. The present strength of High Court Judges in Madras could be allocated to the High Courts of the three provinces to be separately set up.

The Sub-Committee, it is understood, has not viewed with favour the proposal that Madras should be constituted into a separate independent administrative unit. It is well-known that Madras city constitutes a serious bone of contention between Tamilnad and Andhra, and while each party professes to stand by its claim to the city in the future territorial alignment, it is very likely that they would abide by any recommendation that may be made about it by the Linguistic Provinces Commission and the Boundaries Commission.

So far as the Andhra province is concerned, the divergences that hitherto existed between the Circars districts and the Ceded districts are stated to have been resolved and that a settlement has been arrived at between the two areas. The terms of the settlement are understood to be that the two areas will be represented in the future Andhra Cabinet in the proportion of 70 to 5 for the Circars and Ceded districts respectively, that the High Court will be located in the Ceded districts and the capital will be located in a central place to be mutually agreed upon.

ZAMINDARI BILL POSTPONED

It seems as though there is no end to the impediments which the Zamindari Abolition legislation in Madras has to encounter. While there was general expectation that the Bill in its final form would be ready for introduction in the Legislature on the 12th inst. a last minute change was announced in that programme, because the Congress Legislature Party could not bring itself to agree to any of the three courses recommended by the Congress High Command in regard to inams of 30 acres and less in extent. The Party decided to refer the High Command's suggestions to a sub-committee of the Party to be reported on by the 20th August. Thereafter, the matter will be taken up again with the High Command at Delhi, whose ultimate suggestions, the Revenue Minister said, he would have to carry out as a loyal Congressman. In the meantime the consideration of the Bill by the Legislature has been postponed for a month.

As reported by me in my previous dispatches on the subject, the whole trouble at present centres on the question as to how the smaller inamdars owning 30 acres and less should be dealt with. The three courses recommended by the Congress Parliamentary Board in this connection are stated to be: one, payment of full compensation at the market value of the land to the inamdars; two, exclusion from the Bill of the "inams" designated as such in 1936, when the Madras Estates Land Act was amended in that year; and three, the division of the inams between the inamdars and the tenants and the grant of ryotwari pattas to both for half and half. The overwhelming body of opinion in the Party was in favour of that last alternative, but it was urged against that proposal that division of these smaller in arms as proposed would lead to their fragmentation into a number of small, uneconomic units and that the process would also result in interminable litigation. Thus the Party was unable to find a satisfactory solution to the tangle, which would reconcile the High Command's advice with the view of the Congress legislature party, and it was thought that the only way out at present was to turn the matter over to a Sub-Committee as stated already.

Different interpretations are put on the postponement of the Bill's consideration, some seeing in it a triumph for those who had been opposed to the measure from the very start, while others feel that the appointment of a Sub-Committee is only a method of postponing the legislation to some indefinite future. In the meantime, paradoxically enough, the zamindars find themselves in an extremely dubious position by the delay in the passing of the measure. They find that they are neither here nor there, and while the Damocle's sword of abolition of zamindaris remains suspended over their heads, they do not know when it would actually descend on them, the result being that they cannot enter into any fresh agreements with the tenants nor can collect the rents from the latter.

SECURITY MEASURES ON HYDERABAD BORDER

The assurance that all necesary steps have been taken to ensure security on the Indo-Hyderabad border was given by the Leader of the House in the Madras Assembly in reply to an interpellation by a member from Kurnool district, which is a border district. The Minister declined to furnish details of the precautionary measures taken by the Government, as it was not "in the public interest" to do so, but assured the House in a general way that everything possible had been done. To allay panic among the public in the border areas, members suggested that more information might be given and that Ministers might undertake tours in the affected areas. The Minister, however, refused to be drawn into a further discussion except to say that the "Defence Department of the Government of India were taking all measures to see that nothing untoward happened on our side". It may be stated in this connection that the 30 years' agreement between the Nizam's Government and the Kurnool District Board in respect of the working of the 34 miles stretch of N. S. Railway line up to Dronachallam in Kurnool district, would expire next month, and it is not yet known if the agreement would be renewed at the end of the period.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Imperial Game

Great Britain has now come forward to declare that the U.N. has no right of control or supervision over the British colonial empire. She declares that the United Nations Charter does not empower the U.N. to pry into the domestic affairs of any of the colonial territories of any of its members. If such a view is endorsed by the United Nations Assembly, then other imperialist powers like France, Belgium, Netherlands and Portugal would be only too ready to advance similar claims with a view to secure absolution for themselves for their treatment of the colonial peoples under their charge. The ugly disclosures recently made by the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations regarding the treatment of the indigenous non-European peoples of South-West Africa, Tanganyika, East Africa, Belgian Congo and the Gold Coast, the French and Dutch campaigns of aggression against the Vietnamese and Indonesians and the British operations against the Malayan "rebels", have thrown lurid light on the administration of colonial territories by these and other Imperialist Powers and the latter are naturally getting perturbed. If the manoeuvres of these Powers should succeed and the U.N. agree to renounce its right of supervision over their colonies, then it may as well sign its own death-warrant.

U. N. On Trial

Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian Minister for External Affairs, has rightly said that the forthcoming session of the United Nations General Assembly in Paris would be of crucial importance from the point of view of world peace. The question of the unsigned peace treaties with Germany and Japan, if not solved satisfactorily in the immediate future, may precipitate any moment a crisis of the utmost gravity in the relations between the "Western" and "Eastern" Bloc Powers. A number of problems of the greatest concern to the non-European nations who are members of the United Nations, will also be coming up for consideration before the Assembly and its subsidiary organisations. The attitude which the "Big Four" among the Powers, namely the U.S.A., Great Britain, France and the U.S.S.R., assume towards these problems and the part they play in either helping to secure or preventing a just and fair solution of each of them will determine future policies and attitudes of non-European nations to the U.N.O. Non-European peoples throughout the world are beginning to be seriously disillusioned regarding the utility of the U.N.O. as it has been functioning of late. Though its foundations have been laid on mostly sound lines, the machinery of the Organisation is being systematically utilized by the "Big Four" who boss the U.N.O.—we leave China out of account for purposes purely of self-aggrandisement, to the serious detriment of non-European and non-American peoples everywhere. Some of them at least may seriously consider the question whether it is worth while continuing their membership in the organisation.

Why Ask Smuts?

The appeal made by the leaders of the Natal Indian Congress to General Smuts, as the leader of the United Party, to help stop the rising tide of fascism in South Africa by resolutely opposing the racial policy of Dr. Malan's Government, will have no effect on that gentleman. His own record of the betrayal of the cause of Indians has been so sombre that it would be a miracle if he should change his attitude towards them at this stage. Apart from this consideration, it must be obvious that, even if he should be willing to back the Indian cause, the Party of which he is the leader will not tolerate any such move on his part. Indeed, there have been ample indications recently that a good number of members of his Party—probably a majority—frankly approve of the racial policy of the Malan Government and would either openly vote for the legislative measures embodying the policy or abstain from opposing them when they come to be introduced in the Union Parliament. Such being the feeling in his Party, it is futile to expect that he will court his own political suicide by espousing the Indian cause. The reluctance of this great "champion of Democracy" as he has been so often represented by his admirers in England and America, to raise his voice against the oppression of Africans and Asiatics by his countrymen affords a sufficient commentary on his high-sounding professions.

A Sane Outlook

The attitude taken up by Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan and other members of the Kerala delegation that interviewed the Linguistic Provinces Commission at Delhi is in refreshing contrast to that adopted by the rancorous protagonists of linguistic provinces in other parts of India. The delegation, instead of insisting on an immediate dismemberment of the Madras Province and regrouping of the torn-up areas on a linguistic basis, have expressed themselves agreeable to the continuance of the province as it is for some time more, "until normal life is completely restored in the country." Such a sentiment does great credit to the commonsense, as well as patriotism of the delegation. If, however, the scheme of linguistic provinces is to be put into execution in the near future, the delegation recommend that all the four provinces, namely Andhra, Tamil Nad, Kerala and Karnatak should be established simultaneously. The linguistic areas are so interlocked throughout the Madras province that the creation of one or two linguistic provinces alone, say of Andhra or Kerala, would lead to complications of a most undesirable character.

No Tinkering

If, for instance, a Kerala Province is to be created out of areas where the Malayalee-speaking population preponderates, then certain areas which lie in the Karnatak Province as defined under the Congress Constitution, such as the Kasaragod taluq of South Kanara, Coorg and Nilgiris, may have to be allocated to Kerala. On the other hand, if the principle of liguistic division is to be strictly adhered to the Keralites' claim for the inclusion of the whole of Travancore in their province may have to be abandoned, since certain areas of the State which are contiguous to the present Tamil districts have a preponderance of the Tamil-speaking population, and the latter may demand that these areas should be allocated to the Tamil Nad Province. Keralites may not be able to resist such a demand—unless, the Tamil-speaking population voluntarily prefers the merger of their area with Kerala instead of Tamil Nad. Controversies and recriminations over such questions of partition are bound to lead to trouble unless the establishment of the linguistic provinces is taken up as an integrated problem and not one to be tackled piecemeal. The complexity of the problem and the danger lurking in any hasty solution thereof have undoubtedly led the majority in the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee too to recommend to the Linguistic Provinces Commission not to put the scheme of redistribution of the provinces into execution till normal conditions prevail in the country. We cannot imagine that the Commission will ignore the need for hastening cautiously in a matter involving grave risks to the peace and security of the country.

Futile Appeal

It appears that no member of the United Nations Security Council has expressed his willingness to bring up the Hyderabad case before it. So it is reported that the State will itself take the matter to the U. N. General Assembly session to be held in Paris in September. But we do not think the Assembly will take formal notice of the case. As the Government of India points out in its reply to the Hyderabad Government's communication to it, the differences between the two are "a purely domestic issue", considering Hyderabad's historical as well as its present position in relation to India, and the State has no right in international law to seek the intervention of the U. N. or any other outside body. Nor is it likely that the U. N. will ignore international usage to countenance Hyderabad's complaints against India.

India Will Intervene

More pertinent is India's reaction to unending provocations by the Razakars. The Government of India do not in the least exaggerate the situation when they warn Hyderabad that India cannot, for humanitarian reasons, remain a passive spectator of the atrocities to which the majority of Hyderabad opposed to the Razakars are being daily subjected. Nor can India indefinitely tolerate the disruption of communications by attacks on railway trains. Provocations, like these, cannot fail "to jeopardise the safety of South India as well as the large Muslim minority throughout the Union." The claim that the Razakars are speaking and acting for the Muslims in India has been repeatedly repudiated by Muslims as well as Hindus in India nay, it is now notorious that many Muslims in Hyderabad itself condemn the policy and the atrocities of the Razakars and want the State to accede to India at once. That is why their leaders are being vindictively punished by the State Government. The situation demands intervention, not by the U. N. but by the Government of India.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

New Gujerat Districts

Sir,—The Gujarat states having merged into the Bombay Presidency, the two new districts—one the Banas Kantha District and the other the Mahikantha District—that have been recently formed in the northern part of Gujarat, have reported to have been named after the rivers, Banas and Mahi.

The Banas, the famous river of the north Gujarat, does flow through the newly formed Banaskantha District from north to south, and as such the name given to this district is quite proper and consistent with the geographical environment of the territory concerned. But it is very surprising to see the other district named as Mahikantha District, while the river Mahi is far away from this district.

There is not a single town or a village which is situated on that river. Truly speaking, this district if the authorities concerned are inclined to name it after the main river of the territory, should be named as the Sabarkantha District, for it is the Sabarmati, the only big river of North Gujarat that flows through this district. Will the Government of Bombay take notice of this fact and rename it Sabarkantha District before it becomes too late?— etc.,

LAXMISHANKER JOSHI,
Secretary, Idar Praja Mandal.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

The Frontier Government have levied a collective fine of Rs. 50,000 on selected Red Shirts of Mardan District it is learnt to recover the cost of punitive police to be stationed in Swabi tahsil for a period of three months. A punitive fine of Rs. 50,000 on selected Red Shirts of Charsadda tahsil has been imposed as a sequel to recent disturbances in the tahsil.

* * *

On his return to New Delhi from Hyderabad, Mr. S. M. A. Razvi, the Nizam's Agent-General said he had brought no communication from the Nizam to the Government of India and that he thought the next move should be from India.

Would Mr. S. M. A. Razvi and his Principal—sorry, Principals, really welcome a next move from India?

* * *

By the way, the Hyderabad Government has asked the Government of India to extend "all facilities and courtesies to the Hyderabad delegation to the United Nations when they pass through Indian territory early next month."

On their mission of stabbing India. Not bad. In fact, we like this demand.

* * *

According to a Karachi report, Pakistan's reply to the Kashmir Commission's 'cease fire' proposal is expected to be given to the commission after elucidation of certain aspects of the proposal, sought from them by Pakistan's Foreign Minister, Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan.

It need not be added that the Commission's proposal, its elucidation as also Pakistan's reply with or without its own elucidation will also be strictly confidential

* * *

Referring at a function to his pending departure to the U. N. Assembly Sessions, the South African Minister, Mr. Lonw said: "I am not prepared to stand there as an accused in the dock."

Actually the South African shouldn't stand in the dock as an accused but sit in the pen as a convict.

* * *

We are, however, sure that those distinguished members of the U.N. who are perspiringly concerned to save civilisation and Christianity will not thus betray the champion of both but will see that Mr. Lonw occupies the judge-cum-prosecutor's table with the United Nations Organisation carrying the U. N. Charter on its collective back, standing (manacled and fettered?) in the dock and listening with, we hope, downcast eyes to the ringingly eloquent accusation of Mr. Lonw that it has traitorously betrayed the noble spirit of Herr Adolph Hitler of blessed memory.

After which the U. N. will respectfully plead "not guilty", proving with positive proofs its title to be acquitted by Mr. Lonw.

* * *

Malaya news: Security measures against Communist-led aggression in Malaya have cost the Federation Government 24 million Straits dollars since June, Mr. H. P. Bryson, Acting Chief Secretary, said today.

To be ultimately paid by the rubber and tin lab—sorry industries.

* * *

A U. N. Trusteeship Council Mission is to go to Belgium's African trust area to investigate charges of discrimination against the Indian population.

The question is: who the Mission should be composed of to submit a satisfactory report that (a) the charges are entirely unfounded and (b) the administration of the area is so admirable that, in recognition of the good work, the Trust area should be returned to Belgium's colonial control.

OPEN AIR

When evening comes and all is dark, the Blind Mice come out of their hiding places and a rustling in the grass and sharp, ear-piercing squeaks disclose their whereabouts as they run ceaselessly around the garden in their search for insects. All too often they find their way into the house and we see their shadowy little grey forms running noiselessly round the rooms, generally keeping close to the wall like Chuchindra, in the story of Rikki Tikki Tavi, but sometimes, when all is quiet, venturing out into the middle of the room to catch the insects that fall from the light. Though Blind Mice, or Musk Shrews, as they should more properly be called, have their nuisance value in that they dirty the house and sometimes find their way in to a drawer or cupboard which has been carelessly left open and even nibble clothes to make a nest for their families, they are often maligned. They are purely insect eating creatures and demolish any number of cockroaches and other noxious insects, but they never attack foodstuffs as do the real mice and rats. Their chief protection, apart from their grey colour, is the musky smell they emit, and it is very rare for a cat or dog to chase and catch a Musk Shrew or Blind Mouse as it would a House Mouse or rat.

D.R.

LESSONS OF THE TESTS

Need For Fast Bowlers

SHOULD BE PAID MORE THAN SLOW BOWLERS

(By W. J. EDRICH, D.F.C.)

Reviewing the 1948 cricket season in England is like looking back over a land ravished by a tornado. The Australians have swept their way though, tearing our cricket to ribbons, and tossing it into untidy heaps of shattered Counties and tormented Tests. The history they have created by becoming the first touring side ever to win four of a series of five Tests played here is a record well earned and deserved.

People continually ask— apologetically— "What about that frightful debacle at the Oval last Saturday? I think the less said about it the better. Frankly I can give no reasonable explanation for it. It was just one of those things. Ray Lindwall bowled magnificently. But we have played him reasonably before when he has been in form as good as this. This time we just could not stop getting out.

Both Denis Compton and I hit our shots smack in the middle of the bat and were taken by superb catches. Len Hutton was finally out to the diving Tallon to one just as breathtaking. Two others played on. And so it developed. Between you and me, and without detracting one whit from their magnificent performance. I think the Australians were even more surprised by their success than we were!

But all that is passed. The purpose now is to extend sincere congratulations to a better side and seek the lessons of their victories and our defeats. And that is not difficult.

In a nutshell the moral of this series is that English cricket must find a new race of fast bowlers. That has been our clear need since the war and these Tests have merely added emphasis to the urgency of the problem. The Australians have won on the power of Lindwall, Miller and Johnston—all pace men— and we have lost because we haven't had their comparable strength.

On the one hand—in all but one Test— Australia got off to a flying start by their speed-men snatching those vital early wickest. On the other, we have not been able to stop openers Morris and Barnes getting runs. The one has bred trepidation, and the other supreme confidence, in the men who followed.

Right! England needs fast bowlers. Where are we to find them? I still believed they are where they always have been — in our Leagues and villages. Players there, with the basic strength and urge to bowl fast, are still to be found. All they need is the proper grooming and coaching to make them fit for the first class game.

The problem therefore is to devise the organisation to find them and bring them into the game. That is not easy. But it has to be tackled. In my opinion the big clubs must appreciate that no lad is going to throw up the reasonably well paid jobs modern industry offers to take the success or failure chance we took in the early thirties. Ideas and economics have changed. And if modern big cricket is to get the men it needs its management must recognise this fact and change accordingly.

Men today want a reasonable measure of security. If we are to lure the best men into the game they must be offered a two or a three year contract instead of the old one season on trial. I think, too, there is a strong case for offering the prospective fast bowlers specially generous terms. Obviously a man called upon to bowl fast six days a week cannot expect as long a cricketing life as the man who merely bats or bowls slow. The answer is to give him more attractive terms.

It is no use our clubs refusing to consider the idea of special treatment. Specialist qualities are needed, desperately, and like all things in short supply, the price may be high. But, to my mind, it has to be paid.

Before the question of price, of course, is the vital one of discovery. I feel that here the M.C.C. can give the lead so urgently needed. They might ask all County clubs, Leagues, the Club Cricket Conference to hold special meetings to discuss the problem and submit ideas to them for the re-organisation of cricket so that more of the right material will have an opportunity to reach the top. It must be done quickly and action taken. Otherwise we shall be beaten by Australia for as far ahead as we can see.

This prompts me to offer the warning that although we have picked a strong party for the tour of South Africa their task will be a tough one. The strength of our men is in batting. The weakness in bowling. As I recall well enough from the trip of 1938-9 South Africa's wickets are hard and firm and success only comes to the bowler who commands real speed or real spin. Neither Gladwin nor Bedser have quite the speed to make their job easy. If Doug Wright finds form he can be our match winner for he does spin the ball and on those fast pitches he makes it whip through at bewildering speed.

But I would still take Eric Hollies as well. He bowled magnificently in the Oval Test and still commands the art of beating a man in the air as well as off the pitch. The party also needs another stock speed-merchant. To my mind we have none better than red-headed Dick Pollard of Lancashire.

"CITATION" WINS AMERICAN DERBY

CHICAGO, Aug. 29. (Reuter): America's Champion three-year-old "Citation" galloped to a length victory in the American Derby at Washington Park yesterday—a victory worth 66,450 Dollars (£16,612) bringing his earnings to 651,750 Dollars in eighteen months of racing.

This is the third greatest sum ever won by a horse.

"Citation", by Bull Lea out of Hydroplane, started at 10 to one on, and won from Free America. He covered the one and a quarter miles in two minutes one and threefifths seconds.

M. Boussac's Challenge Turned Down

PARIS, August 29. (Reuter): In a letter published here today in the Racing Newspaper "Paris Turf", Signor Tesio, owner of "Tenerani", winner of the Goodwood Cup, declined the challenge made recently by Marcel Boussac for a match between his great stayer Arbar and the Italian horse.

Signor Tesio said "Tenerant" had been retired from training and it would be impossible to get him in condition in time for the match.

M. Boussac had suggested that the match should be held at Logchamps in October.

"Tenerani" won the Goodwood Cup from "Arbar", who broke down.

BOY'S GOLF FINAL

KILMARNOCK, Aug. 28 (Reuter): John Pritchett, of Sutton Godfield, beat David Reid, a Glasgow schoolboy at the 37th hole in the final of the Boy's Amateur Golf Championship here today.

Rajkumar Pitamber, the Prince of Nepal who is at Westminster School, had been eliminated in the second round of this event.

Dutch Cyclist Retains World Professional Title

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 29. (Reuter): Van Vliet (Holland) won the World Professional Sprint Cycling Championship for the second time when the World Championships were continued here today, beating Gerardin (France) in two straight heats in the final.

Van Vliet's other title was won in 1938, also in Amsterdam.

Van Vliet qualified for the final by defeating Senfftleden (France) in two straight heats in the semifinals today, while Gerardin beat Plattner (Switzerland) by two heats out of three.

Van Vliet defeated Gerardin by half a length in each of the two final heats, his time for the last 200 metres in each being 12.8 seconds.

Senfftleden took third place by beating Plattner in two straight heats in a match for third and fourth places.

TRADES' NARROW VICTORY

BOMBAY, Sunday.

TRADES	1
RASHID'S XI	0

The Trades holders of the Harwood League almost went out of the running for premier honours when they scored a very narrow victory over Rashid's XI at the Cooperage this evening.

The only goal of the winners came late in the second half when Raymond, following up an excellent move initiated by himself beat Arikkathan from close quarters.

Struggling without the services of centre-half Perumal the Trades were further weakened shortly after play started as right-back Suvarna had to be carried off the field as he had fractured his ankle. This forced them to reduce their attacking line to only four, Raymond playing at centre-forward and Manuel at right-back.

The depleted Trades attack made no impression on the Rashid defenders whose task was rendered easier due to some clumsy movements in the Trades forward line.

The second half found Peter playing in the unusual position of inside-right and Roy taking over the left-wing. Rashid almost scored towards the middle of the second half, but the poor marksmanship of their inside-forwards proved easy picking for D'Silva.

THE TEAMS:

TRADES—D'Silva; Suvarna and Rathnam; Menon, Manuel and Govind; Bhimrao, Raymond, Roy, Thomas and Peter.

RASHID'S XI—Arikkathan, Panna and Robert; Raphael, Shivram and Hussein; I. Joseph, Dass, Lalloo, Kuppu and Murthy.

Indians Beat Czechs 3—2 In Hockey

PRAGUE, Aug. 29. (Reuter): The Indian Olympic Hockey Team beat Czechoslovakia by three goals to two here this evening, after leading by two goals to one at halftime.

INDIAN HOCKEY TEAM WIN ANOTHER MATCH

PRAGUE, Aug. 29. (Reuter): The Indian Olympic Hockey Team beat Sport Club Hostivar here by five goals to one today, after leading by three goals to one at halftime.

G. Singh (two), Cladius, Fernandez and Jaswant scored for the Indians.

This evening the Indian Team meets a representative Czechoslovakia side.

DANNY FOSTER WINS SPEEDBOAT GOLD CUP

DETROIT, Aug. 29 (Reuter): Miss Great Lakes, piloted by Danny Foster, won the Historic Gold Cup Speedboat Trophy here from Miss Frostie, the only other starter in the final.

Speeds in the race never exceeded 68.4 miles per hour.

Sports Club For Home Guards

Inauguration By Morarji Desai

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, inaugurated the Home Guards Sports Club this morning when a very interesting programme of exhibition matches in table tennis, volley ball and tug-of-war were arranged. Besides the full complement of the Home Guards Force there were several other distinguished guests including the Police Commissioner.

The highlight of the programme was a very vivid demonstration of fire-fighting given by the Home Guards Stirrup Pump Party. A very realistic scene of a fire in London during the days of the Blitz in 1940 was depicted. Excellent effects of bombs and incendiaries dropping on houses are produced and an actual fire was started on an improvised shed. How the immediate arrival of the Stirrup Pump Party brought the fire under control was effectively demonstrated. A running commentary was given by the Commandant, Home Guards, Greater Bombay, explaining the various phases of the action.

CITY POLICE BEAT HOME GUARDS

In the table-tennis matches well-known Bombay Stars including Mr. K H. Kapadia, former champion of Bombay participated in a round of thrilling games. This was followed by a tug-of-war match between the Police and the Home Guards in which the better strength of the Police won. A similar volley ball match was also played, and a very enjoyable programme started quite early in the morning concluded at about mid-day.

Colour was lent to the occasion by the Police band which enlivened the proceedings of the programme.

On the Home Minister's arrival, 'Jana-Gana-Mana' was played followed by an inspection of the Guard of Honour. In his address, Mr. Morarji Desai stressed the importance of sports and recreation in the work of the Home Guards.

Later, the Home Minister was shown round the new club, including the library and reading room.

CHANDARANA WINS TWO TITLES

Sivaraman Beaten In Singles

MADRAS, Aug. 29, (A.P.I.): Uttam Chandarana of Bombay won the Men's Singles Final of the Parry's Recreation Club Table Tennis Tournament today, defeating V. Sivaraman of Andhra by three games to one. Chandarana won the Men's Doubles Final also with Sivaraman as partner.

The usually aggressive Sivaraman adopted a defensive role to counter Chandarana's judicious mixture of offence and defence but Chandarana's superior court craft told in the end. Chandarana took the first two games easily and was on his way to victory in the third game with an appreciable lead but Sivaraman warmed up gradually, drew level and managed to take it. The fourth one was anybody's game and Chandarana was lucky to take it and clinch the issue as well.

Mrs. C. K. K. Pillai won the Ladies' Singles Final.

Following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES

Uttam Chandarana beat V. Sivaraman 21/12, 21/12, 21/23, 22/20.

MEN'S DOUBLES

V. Sivaraman and Uttam Chandarana beat J. V. Sachidananda Rao and C. Ramaswamy 21/16, 21/18, 19/21, 21/19.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Mrs. C. K. K. Pillai beat Miss T. S. Bhama 15/21, 21/19, 21/11, 24/22.

MIXED DOUBLES

Miss T. S. Bhama and Kumar Ghosh beat Miss Vaijayanthimala and J. V. Sachidananda Rao 21/10, 16/21, 21/15, 22/20.

Their Seventh Victory In U. S. Tennis

BOSTON, Aug. 28. (Reuter): Mrs. Margaret Osborne Dupont and Miss Louiss Brough, of the United States, today won the U. S. Women's National Doubles title for the seventh year in succession by defeating their compatriots Miss Doris Hart and Mrs. Patricia Canning Todd 6/4, 8/10, 6/1 in the final at Long Wood Cricket Club.

DAVINDER OVERWHELMS LEWIS TO WIN SINGLES CROWN

Bhopardikar And Patil Beat Ullal Brothers

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Davinder Mohan, India's No. 1 badminton player, earned the proud distinction of capturing the singles crown of the C.C.I. Badminton Championship, by accounting by his "guru" George Lewis, in straight sets. Davinder was at his best on Sunday evening and regaled the large crowd with some scintillating badminton. Diplaying grand court-craft and anticipation he covered the court with the litheness of a panther.

Proving himself a shrewd tactician, he kept Lewis on the run in the first game, when every single point was bitterly contested and when he had at last succeded in tiring out the veteran he had things his own way in the second, and won it and the match with plenty of energy to spare. Lewis gave a superb exhibition in the initial game and set up a terrific pace dropping and smashing to perfection but Davinder was equal to the situation with the result that the first game proved a titanic struggle between two of India's best exponents of the game, at their best. It was anyone's game till almost the end, but the veteran had tired perceptively, and Davinder quick to seize this opportunity captured it over the extra points after being down 12-14 at one stage. In the next he led Lewis a merry chase, lobbing to the backhand corner down the line and either smashing his tired opponent's weak lobs or dropping judiciously with the result that the game petered out to a one-sided affair.

In the next match on the programme, M. K. Bhopardikar and M. S. Patil had a surprise in store for the top-seeded pair, the Ullal brothers. Patil played deplorably below form in the first game and although young Bhopardikar, playing the game of his life today, tried to pull the game round courageously the Ullal brothers were not to be denied. In the next again, it was same story, Patil still failing to strike his best form and Bhopardikar covering himself with glory. The latter played with the nerve of a veteran and concentrated on a grand attacking game, Anant, particularly, being his target. Bala was his usual self, always scheming, quick to seize opportunities when they came along, with the result that the Ullals led 8-5. At this stage Patil half-awoke from his lethargy and this proved to be just the thing that Bhopardikar needed. Continuing with his good work, he created the opening for Patil to do the rest and reeling off point after point, they sent the crowd into ecstacies by bagging the fame at 15-9. By now, Patil had thoroughly got into his stride and smashed vigorously. The perfect cobination of the winners and their robust, hard-hitting tactics completely rattled the Ullals who were forced into committing errors. For once their well-oiled combination appeared to get "misty" and with Anant fast losing his nerve, it was no surprise to see Patil and Bhopardikar romping home winners.

Henry Ferreira and Miss B. Farias qualified for the finals of the mixed event by a thrilling victory over S. Dinkerrao and Mis Shirin Moloobhoy. Although replete with thrills the game failed to serve up first-class badminton. Dinkerrao drove for all he was worth but Ferrefra quick as ever on his feet, contended himself with merely sending the shuttle back over the net. As it turned out this paid in the end, but Miss Farias was quite as responsible for this victory as was her partner. She showed that she could even be aggressive if the mood got into her and it certainly was a pleasant surprise for her supporters who had got so used to seeing her slow-hitting game. Staging a determined recovery after being down 3-11 in the decider the losers caught up and led 12-11 due more to steady rather than brilliant Badminton, but just failed to clinch the issue.

Figuring in another match, earlier in the evening Miss Farias this time partner by Mrs. P. Athaide in the women's doubles finals, lost the title to Miss M. R. Chinoy and Mrs. Lewis. The first game proved to be very tame —so much so so that a young kid in the audience let out a loud wail of protest at being subjected to such a torture, much to the amusement of the large crowd. The next however livened up matters Miss Farias and Mrs Athaid combining much better than they had ever before in the tournament made a game fight of it Mrs. Athaide, in particular catching the eye. Mrs. Lewis was however, in top form and smashed and drove much too well for her opponents. Her grand display was unfortunately, neutralised by Miss Chinoy's frequent errors and failure to live up to her reputation as Bombay's No. 1. woman player with the result that the losers collected 10 points before finally going down.

Miss Roshan Vimadalal and Vimawalla captured the junior girl's and boys singles titles respectively after extremely facile victories over their opponents.

The following were the results:—

Professionals' Singles (Semi-Finals)

P. Ramji beat Sarjoo Prasad 15-9: 18-13.

L. Salve beat S. Ramchandra 15-3: 15-4.

Junior Girls' Singles (Finals)

Miss R. Vimadalal beat Miss B. Ballard 11-2; 11-1

Junior Boys' Singles (Finals)

Vimawalla beat M. L. Apte 15-4: 15-6

Women's Doubles (Finals)

Miss M. R. Chinoy and Mrs Lewis beat Miss B Farias and Mrs P. Athaide 15-5; 15-10

Men's Singles (Finals)

Davinder Mohan beat George Lewis 17-14, 15-2

Men's Doubles (Semi-Finals)

M. K Bhopardikar and M. S. Patil beat A V. Ulla) and B. V. Ulla) 9-15, 15-9, 15-9

Mixed Doubles (Semi-Finals)

Miss B. Farias and H. Ferreira beat Miss S. Moloobhoy and S. Dinkar Rao 11-15, 15-9, 15-13.

MONDAY'S FIXTURES

Ladies' Singles Finals

6-0 p.m. Miss M R Chinoy vs Mrs. N. G. Lewis

Mixed Doubles Finals

6-30 p.m. A. G Kalyanpurkar and Miss S. S Jhansalkar vs H. Ferreira and Miss B. Farias.

Professionals' Singles Finals

5-30 p.m. L G Salve vs Pandurang Ramji

Men's Doubles Finals

7-00 p.m Davindar Mohan and G. Lewis vs M. K. Bhopardikar and M. S. Patil

"RANJI" TROPHY TO BE PLAYED ON NEW LINES

Zonal Divisions Abandoned In Favour Of An Open Draw

POONA, August 29 (API).—Eighteen Cricket Association will compete in the National Cricket Championship for Ranji Trophy this year from November 4 onwards. According to the decision of the Board for Control of Cricket in India, the preliminary rounds in the tournament have been arranged according to an open draw instead of being staged on Zonal basis as hitherto.

In view of the tour of the West Indies team, the matches this year have had to be concentrated in the months of December 1948 and February 1949 to avoid clash of dates.

Following is the draw:

First Round

'A' Hyderabad vs. Baroda, Nov. 4-7.
'B' Maharashtra vs. Mysore, Dec. 17—20 at Poona.

Second Round

'C' Holkar vs. C. P. and Berar, Dec. 3—6.
'D' Delhi and District vs. Bihar Dec. 3—6.
'E' Nawanagar vs. Southern Punjab Dec. 17—20.
'F' Winners of 'A' vs. Gujarat. Dec. 17—20.
'G' Winners of 'B' vs. Kathiawar, Dec. 23—26.
'H' U.P. vs. Assam, Dec. 17—20.
'I' Rajputana vs. Madras, Dec. 17—20
'J' Bengal vs. Bombay, January 7—10, 1949

Quarter Finals

1. Winners of 'C' vs. Winners of 'D' February 12-15, 1949.
2. Winners of 'E' vs. Winners of 'F', February 12-15, 1949.
3. Winners of 'G' vs. Winners of 'H' February 12-15, 1949.
4. Winners of 'I' vs. Winners of 'J', February 12—15, 1949.

Semi-Finals:

Winners of '1' vs. Winners of '2', February 25th onwards.

Winners of '3' vs. Winners of '4), February 25th onwards.

Finals to be played in Bombay from March 11 onwards.

M. VOLTERRA'S SUCCESS IN FRENCH RACING

PARIS, Aug. 29. (Reuter): M. Leon Volterra's "Amour Drake" by Admiral Drake out of Vers L'Aurore won the 400,000 francs (£ 464) Prix Daumale for two-year-9-olds over six furlongs at Chantily today by two and a half lengths and five lengths from "Charlevel" and "astone" in a field of four.

The winner ridden by Rae Johnstone started favourite paying 17 francs for a 10 francs win stake on the Pari Mutuel Place dividends were 11 francs and 11 francs.

PAKISTAN TROUNCES BELGIUM

BRUSSELS, August 29. (Reuter): The Pakistan Olympic Hockey Team today beat a Belgian National Eleven by eight goals to zero after leading by three goals to zero at half time.

Today's game was almost a repeat performance of last Sunday's match when the Belgian side lost by the same score to the Indian Olympic Team.

Azib Muhmud and Hamid played brilliantly in the Pakistan forward line, and Belgium would undoubtedly have lost by an even bigger margin but for great work by their goalkeeper Verharen who could not be blamed for the trouncing his team received.

Right from the start Pakistan went into the attack, and in the eleventh minute Aziz scored from a long pass from Mahmud. Three minutes later Hamid added another and just before half-time Mahmud put Pakistan three head.

In the second half Belgium's defence fell to pieces. After five minutes Hamid scored for Pakistan and three minutes later Ghaffoor accepted a pass from Aziz and netted. Within a period of six minutes Aziz scored three goals to make the total eight two by individual efforts and one from a pass from Hamid.

World Record For Flying Boats

CHICAGO Aug. 28 (Reuter)—The 82-ton four-engined United States navy flying boat "caroline Mars" touched down in lake Michigan off Chicago's Burnham Park, today to break the world distance record for flying boats by 301 miles.

The giant seaplane made the non-stop trip from Honolulu to Ann Arbour, Michigan, and on to Chicago in an official time of 24 hours 12 minutes.

The unofficial mileage was 4,676.

MOTOR RACING IN FRANCE

ALBI (Southern France), August 29 (Reuter).—Luigi Villoresi, of Italy driving a Maserati, won the Tenth Grand Prix Dalbi here today with the record speed of 168.003 Kilometre (about 104.4 miles) per hour.

"Fifi" Etancelin, of France driving a Talbot, was second and Louis Rosier, of France in a Grand Prix Talbot Lago, third.

KANGA LEAGUE CRICKET

Dadar Union's First Defeat

TARAPORE DEADLY WITH THE LEATHER

Dalvi Scores An Unbeaten Century

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An unbeaten century by M. M. Dalvi of Gawd Saraswat Cricket Club, and two good performances for Bombay Gymkhana, one by B. W. Malcolm who was unfortunate in missing the coveted three figures by only six runs and another by J. W. Anson, who scored 82 were the outstanding batting performances in the Kanga League Cricket matches played today. To K. K. Tarapore went the honour of returning the day's best bowling performance. His eight wickets for less than six runs a piece enabled the Cricket Club of India to record a victory over the hitherto unbeaten Dadar Union Sporting Club.

The Bombay Gymkhana, who put in their opponent's the Baronet Cricket Club in to bat after winning the toss looked like losing three points when the latter knocked up 206 runs for th loss of 7 wkts. before declaring their innings closed. But two brilliant batting performances by Malcolm and Anson for the home team enable them to pass their opponent's score with six wickets intact. Scoring with great rapidity and going all out for the bowling the made the bowling bowling of the Baronet Club look very mediocre. Maccolm had four sixes and eight fours in his score of 94 not out while Anson had five tours and two sixes to his credit.

Two outright victories, which brought them five points were recorded in the course of the day. The first one was achieved by the Brither's Club who defeated the Bandra Gymkhana at the Kennedy Sea Face by ten wickets S. N. Mehta for the former did most of the damage taking in all eight wickets for 48 runs in both the innings. The other outright victory was won by the Sunder Cricket Club, who assisted by the Indian Test all-rounder Phadkar, beat the Prabhu Young Cricketers by an innings.

The following are the results of the matches played today:

AT THE BRABOURNE STADIUM

C.C.I. 150 (A. Mirchandani 41; S. M. Shanker 5 for 39).

M. Shankar 5 for 39) BEAT DADAR UNION SPORTING CLUB 136 (B. D. Desai 34; K. K. Tarapore 8 for 47).

AT THE KENNEDY SEA FACE

YOUNG ZOROASTRIAN C.C. 169 for 7 declared (A. Irani 67; N. C. Pavri 3 for 65) DREW WITH PARSEE GYMKHANA 155 for 5 (R. N. Bharucha not out 85).

MAHARASHTRA YOUNG CRICKETERS 215 (Dadarker 50; Sakroo 40; K. C. Kassam 4 for 77) BEAT ISLAM GYMKHANA 120 (K. C. Kassam 21; Nanak 5 for 34; Kenny 4 for 46).

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA 256 for 9 declared (G. Ramchand 66; M. S. Gurtu 48, S. L. Patil 4 for 86; S. G. Gupte 4 for 66) BEAT NATIONAL C. C. 118 (K. S. Phansalkar 47; V. P. Shah 5 for 11).

BROTHERS' CLUB 91 (W. Gomes 4 for 17) and 11 for no loss, BEAT BANDRA GYMKHANA 47 (S. N. Mehta 4 for 17) and 54 (S. N. Mehta 4 for 24; Roach 3 for 25, B. P. Kadam 2 for 2). Brother's Club gained 5 points by winning the match outright.

AT THE CROSS MAIDAN

FRIENDS UNION C.C. 170 (Syed Gafoor 31; R. M. Parulekar 4 for 52) BEAT GAUD UNION S.C. 47 (B. S. Shetty 5 for 19) and following on 64 for 6 (B. S Shetty 5 for 24).

SUNDER C.C. 188 for 5 declared (V. Dias 68; D. G. Phadkar 46) BEAT PRABHU YOUNG CRICKETERS 95 (M. S. Senjit 38; D G. Phadkar 5 for 31) and following on 41 (D. G. Phadkar 5 for 3), Sunder Cricket Club won 5 points.

AT THE AZAD MAIDAN

BARONET C.C. 205 for 7 declared (N. H. Colah 57; K. Irani 28; D. Wadia 27, F. Thomson 3 for 45) LOST TO BOMBAY GYMKHANA 219 for 4 (B. W. Malcolm 94 not out; J. W. Anson 82).

PARSEE CYCLISTS walk over NEW SOCIAL C.C.

FORT VIJAY C.C. 180 for 8 declared (V. M. Merchant 47; Mashruvalla 44; Daryawarthy 6 for 49) BEAT GHATKOPAR JOLLY C.C. 36 (Merchant 5 for 8) and following on 60 (Merchant 5 for 40; Mashruvalla 4 for 7).

NAVROZE C.C. 103 (Telang 4 for 29; Rege 4 for 34 and 49 for 7 Telang 6 for 14) LOST TO GAWD SARASWAT C.C. 188 for 6 declared (M. M. Dalvi not out 100).

PAREL SOCCER

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The following are the results of the matches played this evening at Parel:

AHMED SAILOR CUP (Final)

St. Mary's High School 2 (Caneiro and Nunes), Little Flower HS "A" 0.

MUSRY CUP.

Parel Students 3 (Banjari 3, and Wagh), National SC 1 (Peris)

INDIAN LEAGUE—DIVISION II:

Telephone Club 2 (Menezes and Mabeny), Young Comrades 2 (D'Silva and Fernandes).

MONDAY'S FIXTURES

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE GROUND, PAREL

4-40 p.m. Asbestos Cement vs. Colaba New Stars; 5-40 p.m.—Mahim Young Boys vs. Volkart Brothers.

G.I.P. RLY. GROUND, PAREL:

4-40 p.m.—Reserve Bank SC vs. Ordnance Depot; 5-40 p.m.—Globe SC. vs. Telephone Club.

British Officer Breaks Diving Record

TARBET, ARGYLLSHIRE, Aug. 28. (Reuter): A British Petty Officer today established a world record dive by descending 535 feet into Loch Fyne from the submarine rescue ship "Reclaim," which for more than two months has been the centre of deep diving tests.

The diver, 29 years old Petty Officer W. Bollard of Leicester, who was wearing a special diving suit, was fed with oxygen and helium instead of air during the expediment which was staged to perfect a diving suit in which rescuers can work comfortably at about the depth a submarine reaches in a crash dive.

The former record of 440 feet was held by the United States. It was also smashed by another diver who reached 451 feet.

DE MELLO SEES NO IRON CURTAIN

LONDON, Aug 29. (U.P.I.): "As far as India is concerned there is no iron curtain in Czechoslovakia. I saw no signs of police surveillance nor a single Russian", said Mr. A. S. De Mello, President of the Bombay Olympic Association, in an interview with the United Press of India, after his return from Czechoslovakia.

Referring to the visit of the Indian hockey team there he congratulated Mr. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India, for making it possible because Prague is now the venue of Central European sports.

Mr. De Mello was also impressed by Czechoslovakia's nationalised industries and it seagerness to send materials to India.

Indian students and industrial trainees in Czechoslovakia spoke highly of Czech hospitality and Czech willingness to teach them up-to-date industrial methods.

Mr. De Mello will visit Salazar in Portugal next month 'en route' to India.

U.S. Navy Boat's 4,260-Mile Non-Stop Flight

CHICAGO, Aug. 28 **(Reuter)**—The 82-1/2 ton four-engined **United States** Navy flying boat **"Caroline Mars" completed** its 4,260-mile **non-stop flight** to Chicago today 21 **hours and 12** minutes after taking **off from Honolulu.**

Whiteaways

SPECIAL SALE OFFERS

"VELTUFT" WASHABLE BATH MATS
Hardwearing Tufted mats in Green, blue and fawn. size 40" x 26"
Usual price Rs 21-8
Sale Price Rs. 17/8

PRINTED FURNISHING MATERIAL
Cream ground design in blue ideal for light curtains
36 ins. wide. Usual Price Rs. 2-15.
Sale Price Rs. 1/15 yard

"SUNRAY" CURTAIN NET
Strong widemesh net in plain and two-tone colourings
48 ins. wide
Usual price Rs. 2-12 yd.
Sale Price Rs. 1/15 yard

CHECK BREAKFAST CLOTHS
in attractive check designs in blue/gold, green/gold and green/orange colourings size 50 x 50 ins.
Sale Price Rs. 5/15

Size 50 x 70 ins.
Sale Price Rs. 6/15

IRISH LINEN HUCK-A-BACK FACE TOWELS
Warranted to give satisfaction in wear, hemmed ready for use size 22 x 36 ins.
Usual Price Rs. 4-15
Sale Price Rs. 3/15 each

FURNISHING REPP
A hardwearing fabric suitable for curtains, covers, etc.
colours—Green, blue brown and orange. 36 ins. wide Rs. 4-8.
Sale Price Rs. 3/15 yard

EXTRA SPECIAL VALUE
English tapestry in a variety of striped designs. 48 ins. wide suitable for heavy curtains or upholstery. Usual Price Rs. 17-8
Sale Price Rs. 13/8 yard

SPECIAL CARPET OFFER
During this week we are offering our entire stock of carpets which include English Axminster and Mirzapur carpets. Rugs. Also curled mohair rugs
at a Special Discount of 25%

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
BOMBAY

Naicker's Appeal To Smuts

HELP STEM RISING TIDE OF FASCISM IN S. AFRICA

Follow Clear Path Of Total Opposition To Racial Policies Of Malan's Party

DURBAN, Aug. 28 (Reuter)—A special appeal to General Smuts, Leader of the Parliamentary Opposition, to help stem what is described as the rising tide of Fascism in South Africa and to follow the clear path of total opposition to the racial policies of Dr. Malan's party, was made in a letter to Field Marshal Smuts by the Natal Indian Congress.

"You are the Leader of the Opposition to a Government pledged to establish a distatorship based on blue prints already prepared. This places a serious responsibility on you and your party", the letter says.

"The South African Indian people constitute an important section of the 9,000,000 of non-Europeans who form the extra-parliamentary opposition to Government policy based on hatred and racial domination.

"The record of the United Party in poyer has been a record of appeasement to Nationalist and Herrenvolk demand for greater oppression of non-White people of the Union. Today if the United Party finds itself without a clear policy on the Indian, Coloured and African questions it is due to this policy of appeasement.

TO WHITE POPULATION

"To the White population we say: Discard your racialism or lose the democracy you enjoy today. As far as non-Europeans are concerned, they are pledged to fight segregation on all fronts."

The letter was signed by Dr. G. M. Naicker, President, and Mr. Debie Singh, General Secretary of the Natal Indian Congress.

BRITISH NAVY PREPARED FOR ATOM WAR

COLOMBO, August 29. (U.P.A.): Even in an atomic war the navy would play an important part, according to Rear Admiral A. C. G. Maddon, Flag Officer Commanding 5th Cruiser Squadron, British Pacific Fleet, who arrived in Colombo.

"Atomic warfare would not outmode the navy to which Britain is today paying even more attention than she did in the past. In any war of the future Britain's navy will fill as important a role as it has done in any other war", he said.

The British Navy was being expanded, Admiral Maddon said, and all its ships were being modernised to deal with the contingencies of an atomic war. Special attention was being paid to the building of aircraft carriers and the standardisation of anti-submarine warfare, he added.

U. S. CITIES AS TARGETS FOR U. S. PLANES

WASHINGTON, August 28. (U.P.A.): The Air Force announced today that 50 bombers based in Europe, Asia and Oceanic islands will converge on United States cities as targets in the greatest mass co-ordinated flights ever attempted against the United States on September 18.

The planes will take off from Furstenfeldbruck in Germany, Misawa in Japan, Kesflavik, Iceland; Barbor's point, Hawaii; St. George, Bermuda; Goose Bay, Labrador and Shemya in the Aleutian Islands to mark the celebration of "Air Force Day".

The flights will all be non-stop and range from 3,800 to 5,600 miles. Twenty-five United States cities will be the targets with two planes flying to each city.

KERALA PREPARED TO WAIT AWHILE

Delegation Meets Linguistic Provinces Commission

NEW DELHI, Aug. 28. (API): Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan, Mr. Kunhiraman and Mr. Karunnakara Menon, members of the Constituent Assembly met the Linguistic Provinces Commission in New Delhi to give evidence regarding the demand for a province of Kerala.

They are understood to have stated that the Madras Province may continue as it is for some time more—until normal life is completely restored in the country. But, if any changes are to be made, all the four provinces, Andhra, Tamil Nad Kerala and Karnataka should be established simultaneously.

KERALA PROVINCE DEFINED

The proposed Kerala Province as defined under the constitution of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee includes Malabar District, Cochin State, Travancore State and Kasargode Taluq of South Kanara District. Since Malayalam is the main spoken language of Gudalur Taluq in Nilgiris District, according to the delegation, this area has also to be included in Kerala Province.

As regards Coorg and Nilgiris, the delegation said that their geographical position and administrative convenience demand that they should be included as part of the new Kerala Province; but it is the people of this area feel otherwise then it should be a matter for the Commission to decide.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES COMMISSION

South Indian Tour Programme

NEW DELHI, Aug. 28. (API): The secretariat of the Constituent Assembly in a communique says that the Linguistic Provinces Commission will be touring South India from the first week of September and will visit Vizagapatam, Madras, Trivandrum, Cochin, Calicut Mangalore Coimbatore and Bangalore.

On return from tour of South India, the Commission will devote to study of evidence and documents and then a tour will be undertaken in the Provinces of Bombay and C P and Berar about the middle of October lasting for about two weeks.

According to the itinerary the Commission will leave Delhi on September 3 reaching Vizagapatam on fourth and Madras on fifth.

After staying for five days in Madras the Commission will leave for Trivandrum on September 11 reaching there on 15th.

On 19th the Commission will leave Trivandrum for Cochin arriving there the same day and will leave for Calicut on 20th from where they will leave for Mangalore on 21st and arrive there on 22nd.

The Commission will arrive in Coimbatore on 23rd and Bangalore on 24th.

JUBBULPORE, Aug 28: The Vindhya Pradesh Government has, with the approval of the Raj Pramukh, made an enforced the Newspapers Registration Ordinance and the Goondas Act throughout the Province.

EDUCATION FOR LEADERSHIP

East Punjab Governor's Address At Bishop Cotton School

SIMLA, Aug. 29. (A.P.I.): The East Punjab Governor, Sir Chandulal Trivedi, addressing the students of Bishop Cotton School today on the occasion of the Founder's Day celebrations said, "We have now attained political freedom. We have to preserve, guard and use that freedom to the best possible good of all our people. Freedom is not an end but merely a means to an end, and that end is surely the health, wealth and happiness of all our countrymen whether they be peasants behind the plough, craftsmen in their homes, labourers in the field or in the factory, not to mention other groups of our citizens.

"Ours is a poor country though rich in resources and ample in man-power. Our greatest need, therefore, is increased production and that involves effective mobilization and utilization of our natural resources. This mobilization and utilization postulate again in great deal of incessant hard work over a series of years and a great many leaders in all walks of life.

"You in this school will have received education which, I am sure, will fit you for the great task in front of us as a nation".

NINE NEW COLLEGES IN WEST BENGAL

University Syndicate Grants Affiliation

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29. (A.P.I.): The partition of Bengal had resulted in a great influx of students into West Bengal, said the Vice-Chancellor of Calcutta University, Mr. P. N. Banerjee, in the University Senate yesterday. That had resulted in overcrowding of Calcutta's 25 colleges and in a large number of applications from other colleges either for new affiliation or extension of affiliation.

The Vice-Chancellor said that the population of Calcutta proper, excluding Greater Calcutta, was in the neighbourhood of five millions. University and affiliated hostels were unable to meet the requirements of 25,000 college students in the city, and it was absolutely necessary to reduce the congestion of students in Calcutta and divert them to the districts.

Mr. Banerjee was dealing with some criticisms in regard to the standard enforced in granting new affiliations.

Mr. Justice R. P. Mookherjee said earlier that it was not possible to maintain the same standard as before in the grant of affiliation in the present. However, it was essential that each one of the new colleges should be visited by the Inspector of Colleges during next year so that the Syndicate might be in touch with developments in those institutions.

The Senate granted affiliation to nine new colleges in West Bengal.

FRANCO-DON JUAN TALKS

Recognition Of Eldest Son If Pretender Gives Up His Own Claim?

MADRID, Aug. 28 (Reuter): General Franco, according to usually reliable sources here and in San Sebastian, told the Spanish Pretender Don Juan on Wednesday that he would recognise the Pretender's eldest son, Juan Carlos, as Prince of Asturias or Heir to the throne if Don Juan would renounce his own claim.

Don Juan, these sources said, did not commit himself but said he would consult his counsellors.

Don Juan met General Franco in the latter's yacht, off San Sebastian.

AGA KHAN CANCELS VISIT TO NAIROBI

Will Fly To Switzerland By Wednesday

DAR-ES-SALAAM, Aug. 28 (Reuter): The Aga Khan recuperating here from a chill will leave by air for Switzerland next Tuesday or Wednesday with the Begum.

The proposed visit of the Aga Khan to Nairobi has been cancelled since although his health has improved considerably in the last few days, his doctors feel he should return to Europe as soon as possible.

Aga Khan's Birthday Celebration

DAR-ES-SALAAM, August 29. (Reuter): A crowd of 10,000 Indians here watched the Aga Khan's official birthday procession last night gaily lit by coloured electric lights and a firework display—but the Aga Khan was not there. The Begum addressed the crowd at the Sportsground with a message from the Aga Khan who did not feel strong enough to attend. He is recovering from a chill, but will attend a Durbar later today before leaving for Switzerland this week on the advice of his doctors.

AGA KHAN'S SON AT JOHANNESBURG

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 28 (Reuter): Prince Sadruddin, youngest son of the Aga Khan, arrived here today by flying boat for a short visit.

Moscow's Gift To Tank Commander's Widow

LONDON, Aug. 28 (Reuter): Announcing the death of Marshal Pavel Rybalko, famous Russian tank commander in the war, after a long illness, Moscow Radio said the Soviet Government had decided to make an immediate grant of 100,000 roubles and a monthly pension of 2,000 roubles to his widow.

TRUMAN IN WAY OF HOUSE RED HUNTERS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28 (UPA).—House Red hunters today accused President Truman of hindering their investigation by refusing to open files on Government employees and proposed a nine-point programme for protecting national secrets from Communist spies.

In a 15-page "interim" report, the House Un-American Activities Committee said it was "hampered at every turn by the Administration's refusal to give information."

The report paid particular attention to the Hiss-Chambers controversy. Alger Hiss, former State Department official, accused by Wittaker Chambers, former communist courier, of membership in pre-war Red underground, denied the charges. But the report showed his denials did not impress the Committee. It said: "Up to now verifiable portions of Chambers' testimony stood up strongly. Verifiable portions of Hiss' testimony have been badly shaken up."

The report said the Committee has only "scratched the surface" in its espionage investigation, but termed as "definitely established" the fact that American communists during and since the war have worked with Soviet spy rings.

RUMANIAN CABINET RESHUFFLE

BUCHAREST, Aug 28 (Reuter): In a reshuffle of the Rumanian Cabinet announced tonight by the Rumanian News Agency, Dr. Vasile Marza, Rumanian Minister to Belgium, has been appointed Minister of Health in place of Dr Florica Bagdasar, "who has been given another ask".

Dr Eduard Mezincescu, Secretary-General of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, is Minister of Arts and Information, replacing M. Octry Livezeanu while M. Alexandei Barladeanu, Deputy Minister of Industry has been appointed Deputy Minister of Trade.

FORMATION OF UNITED MAHARASHTRA

Sholapur Against Postponement: Claim On Bombay

SHOLAPUR, Aug. 29. (A.P.I.): Citizens of Sholapur, at a meeting held here today, voiced strong disapproval of the suggestion to postpone consideration of the formation of United Maharashtra Province on a linguistic basis.

The meeting passed a resolution demanding inclusion of Bombay city in the new Maharashtra Province as it was surrounded by Marathi-speaking districts and its prosperity was due to the labours of the people in Maharashtra.

MYSORE RULER'S PARTY TO 'C. R.'

H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore gave a garden party to the Governor-General during the latter's visit to Bangalore.

MYSORE TIGHTENS UP CUSTOMS MEASURES

Vigorous Check On Persons Coming From Pakistan And Hyderabad

BANGALORE, August 29 (API).—Tightening up the customs noose round the State, the Mysore Government are today understood to have taken all precautionary measures to meet any emergency and particularly against all possible gun-running and arms smuggling to Hyderabad from within Mysore State limits.

Permits for cars, taxies and lorries to go out of the State will henceforth not to be issued except in special cases where 'bona fides' of the persons concerned cannot be challenged.

This measure, it is stated, is in pursuance of information received by the Government that permits issued to vehicles to go out of the State are reported to have been misused and it was alleged they were being engaged in arms smuggling to Hyderabad State from here.

Orders have also been issued to all proprietors of hotels and lodging houses to report to police immediately the arrivals and departures of persons coming into the State from Hyderabad and Pakistan. Police have taken powers to interrogate, check or detain any person, under the Public Security Act, going to or returning from the above territories.

All power houses, water pumping stations and telephone exchanges have also been declared protected areas and they are being guarded.

So far the city police, it is learnt, have detained a number of persons under the Public Security Act and also externed five non-Mysoreans.

RAZAKARS ATTACK INDIAN VILLAGE

BEZWADA, Aug. 29 (API).—Supported by Nizam's military an armed gang of Razakars made an incursion into Union territory this afternoon and opened fire at Polampalli Village on the Lingala sector, according to an official despatch received here late this evening.

Special armed police stationed in the village immediately went into action. Additional armed police reinforcements are being rushed to the village.

While further details are still awaited, it is learnt, that there were no casualties among our men.

Polampalli is about fifty-six miles from Bezwada and ten miles from Jaggayyapet on the Jaggayyapet-Bonakal Road. Jaggayyapet is the last Indian Union town on the Bezwada-Hyderabad trunk road.

RAZAKARS RAID VILLAGE IN MADHIRA TALUKA

About fifty Razakars raided Managapuram, a village in Madhira Talukas of Hyderabad State on August 25, according to a report received by the Hyderabad State Congress office here.

The Razakars, the report stated, entered the houses of prominent villages and ransacked all cash and valuables belonging to them worth about Rs one thousand.

BANK SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS EXPLAINED

The security arrangements which private banks are reported in the press to be taking for safeguarding their valuable and securities are only ordinary precautionary measures, according to official quarters here. They do not at all indicate any change in the situation to cause anxiety to the public. On the other hand, it is stated, the position is as normal as ever. The public are advised not to be panicky or perturbed. The situation on the border is quite normal.

INDIAN TROOPS OCCUPY HIPPERGA VILLAGE?

HYDERABAD (Dn.) August 28 (API).—The suggestion that Hipperga village in Gulbarga district of Hyderabad State has been occupied by Indian Army is contained in a Press Note issued today alleging "series of serious attacks by Indian raiders" on the place.

The Press Note says that the raiders "opened fire on the Civil Centre at Hipperga" on August 23 and "resumed attack on the following day." "On August 25, the raiders again attacked the Civil Centre in greater strength and are said to have been accompanied by Indian troops and police. Firing was continued from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. resulting in serious wounds to two defenders. Many of the raiders are believed to have been killed and bodies of five of them were found about three furlongs from Hipperga within the Hyderabad territory.

"A contingent of Indian troops arrived by train at a railway station about eight miles from Hipperga and it is reported that a large concentration of the Indian forces is now at Hipperga."

"REMAIN LOYAL TO HYDERABAD"

HYDERABAD (Dn.), August 29 (UPI).—"Our thanks are due to Sardar Patel and Pandit Nehru for opening the eyes of the Hyderabadis to the gravity of the situation. Today we are united. We are in a position to succeed in our endeavours and the Government of the State is functioning in the best interests of the common man", said Kasim Razvi, the Majlis President, addressing a large gathering at "Qandan Sharif."

Addressing the Hindus he observed: "Remain loyal to Hyderabad and do not be carried away by false and malicious propaganda. If you remain loyal to the interests of Hyderabad, the Razakars will protect your life and property even at the risk of their lives."

Continuing he said: "Look at the condition prevailing in India, where the lives and properties of the Hindus themselves is in jeopardy due to the weakness and inefficiency of the Government. The assassination of Mahatma Gandhi is a clear manifestation of this."

Concluding he exhorted the Razakars to serve the people irrespective of caste and creed.

INDO-PAKISTAN ISLAMIC LEAGUE LITERATURE PROSCRIBED

Lahore Police Search Houses Of Prominent Members And Seize Books

LAHORE, August 28. (API): All literature published by or on behalf of the Indo-Papistan Islamic League founded about three months ago by Allama Mashriqui, former Leader of the Khaksar movement was proscribed today by the West Punjab Government under the Punjab Public Safety Act.

The houses of 25 prominent members of the League were searched today by the Lahor special police and copies of proscribed literature were seized, it is stated.

It is reported that from one house unlicensed arms and ammunition was also recovered and charges were framed against the member under the Arms Act.

Two printing presses of the Indo-Pakistan Islamic League were also searched and proscribed literature seized.

The Indo-Pakistan Islamic League, it will be recalled, was formed to protect the cultural and political rights of the Muslims in India.

The searches, it is learnt, were carried out under orders from the Government of Pakistnan.

I. N. T. U. C May Request Nanda To Withdraw Resignation

(From Our Correspondent)

AKOLA, August (By Mail)

Mr. Saqui Niazi, a veteran Labour Leader of Berar General Secretary Vidharbha Provincial branch of I.N.T.U.C and member Working Committee of Central Executive of I.N.T.U.C. is leaving for Delhi on 2nd September to attend the meeting of Working Committee, it is learnt.

When interviewed said that in the asking Shri Gulzarilal Nanda to with asking Shri Gulzarilal Nanda to withdraw his resignation from the Working Committee of I.N.T.U.C.

HANDS OFF BRITISH COLONIAL EMPIRE

Britain Not Prepared To Recognise Any Right Of Intervention By U. N.

LONDON, Aug. 28 (Reuter): Britain will oppose any suggestion that the United Nations has any right of control or supervision over the British Colonial Empire, when the United Nations Colonial Committee meets at Geneva on Thursday.

Britain's determination to renew her previous stand on this point was emphasised in a Colonial Office memorandum today.

The Committee will consider information sent to UNO by the 8 nations which have under their care "non-self Government" territories and will report to the Assembly which meets in Paris on Sept. 21.

ONLY OBLIGATION

The memorandum pointed out that the only specific obligation towards the United Nations which the Colonial powers have undertaken under Article 73 of the Charter is that of sending to the Secretary-General "statistical and other information of a technical nature relating to economic, social and educational conditions in the territories for which they are responsible".

This obligation does not apply to territories placed under the International Trusteeship System which stand in a separate relationship to the United Nations, the memorandum said.

"The position taken up by the British representative is that Britain is not prepared to recognise any right of intervention by the United Nations in the administration of the Colonial Empire.

"Not only is there no warrant for it in the Charter, but the interposition between the colonies and the mother country of an International Political Assembly bearing no direct responsibility for the implementation or outcome of its decisions would be resented by the colonial peoples themselves".

"OBSERVER" ON COLONIAL OFFICE MEMORANDUM

LONDON, Aug. 29 (Reuter): Commenting on the Colonial Office rejection of the suggestion that the United Nations has any right of control or supervision over the affairs of the Colonial Empire, the "Observer" today stated that an "essential point, widely overlooked, is that the character of colonial nationalism has been changing since the war".

It continues: "Mr. Gandhi seemed a very dangerous figure in the days of the Civil Disobedience campaign when Mr. Churchill could described him as 'a seditious fakir striding half naked up the steps of the Viceregal Lodge'. But Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Nehru had two advantages which colonial nationalist leaders generally lack: they were representatives of a civilisation as old and perhaps as spiritually rich as the West, and they were fully intimated in Western political thought.

NO POTENTIAL GANDHIS IN AFRICA

"It would be a mistake to think of the would be nationalist leaders in the African colonies, men such as Mr Azikwe of Nigeria and Dr Danquah of the Gold Coast as potential Gandhis. They lack both a comparable cultural heritage of their own and a full Western education. This is no discredit to them. It is simply to say that Africa has had a different history from India.

THEY LOOK UP TO RUSSIA

"Observers have noticed now the nationalist aspirations of colonial students in London, aspirations which are entirely natural and honourable, have a totalitarian tinge. The new leaders are as different from Gandhi as Bismarck was different from Mazzini: though none of them is likely to prove a Bismarck. Their totalitarianism would be Fascist in character if it could remain isolated but it inevitably looks in an unsophisticated way to Russia, and assumes the international Communist accent".

BLACK MARKET IN GERMANY

'Fags' And Blades Found Walled In

LONDON, (IPS): Three million cigarettes, two million cigars and 1,500,000 razor blades were among the huge quantities of goods found walled in at the home of a black marketeer in Cologne, says a Hamburg dispatch. They were stated to have been there for years.

NO MILITARY TRAINING FOR AFRICANS AND COLOURED

DURBAN, (IPS): In pursuance of the Ukase issued by the South Africa's Defense Minister, no Africans or other coloured people in South Africa will receive military training. They will not even be allowed to carry arms for self protection.

U. S. EDITORS AND NEHRU'S PHOTOGRAPH

NEW YORK, Aug. 28 (UPI): United States magazine and newspaper picture editors had a field day with a photograph of Indian Premier Jawaharlal Nehru swinging in a playground of a Delhi park.

The picture was widely published and became the "Life" magazine's full-page "Picture of the Week" with the caption, ".... Rains came cooling off the hot city and inspiring Indians of all conditions to disport themselves. The Prime Minister, who combines dignity with an equally pronounced capacity for diversion, took to a swing."

Workers Geared Up For Maximum Output

ROLE OF FACTORY COMMITTEE

By Herbert Tracey, Member of the British T.U.C.

As the Minister mainly responsible for Britain's economic and financial policy, Sir Stafford Cripps has sent to 12,000 industrial concerns a practical proposal designed to intensify the nation's production effort. He advocates the setting up of factory committees to work out plans by which the general facts of the national economic emergency will be brought home to the workpeople. In this propaganda emphasis is laid upon the significance and value of the output each individual worker and group of workers in a factory can contribute.

The problem of arousing the keenest interest among trade unionists and workers generally in maximising production is one that Britain's trade unions are approaching from more than one angle. They recognise as clearly as anyoody that the more the workers know about the various output difficulties to be overcome the better they will be able to co-operate through joint production councils and works committees. The T.U.C. General Council is actively associated with the current scientific and technical researches aimed at improving the efficiency of industry and developing co-operation between management and workers on workshop level.

EXCHANGE OF VIEWS

Representatives of the T.U.C. on the National Joint Advisory Council to the Ministry of Labour have consistently urged a development machinery for ojint consultation in industtry. In the spring of this year the N.J.A.C. recommended toemployers' organisations and trade unions to extend the existing joint consultative machinery for a regular exchange of views between management and workers on production questions. Real progress has been made since then.

The Ministry of Labour has been in consultation with the national organisations of both sides of industry, drawing their attention to the recommendations of the National Joint Advisory Council. Inquiries in a very large number of the main productive industries have shown that a considerable number of these industries have already established joint committees in accordance with some form of model constitution which makes specific provision for the consideration of production matters. In some industries both sides are satisfied that the existing arrangements are adequate. In a good many others it is recognised that new arrangements are necessary or that the existing arrangements have to be developed.

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL BOARDS

An important new influence has been that of the Regional Boards for industry and their district committees and local employment committees, it has been impressed upon them that their officers must interest themselves keenly in the development of joint consultative machinery in industry. The Factory inspectorates, too, have been asked to take every opportunity in their visits to employers to emphasise the importance of arrangements for joint consultation.

Thus, on both national and regional level, position steps are being taken to improve the methods by which representatives of management and workers in every sizeable plant can get together and help to solve production problems. These steps are of high importance in view of the fact that one of the chief obstacles to maximum production has been the workers' suspicion in the past towards many aspects of scientific management. Much of this suspicion arose in the past from the fear that workers would lose their jobs if higher production was achieved per unit of labour. With the policy of full employment now in operation the attitude of workers is changing.

Probably the majority of the trade unionists share the T.U.C.'s view that the unions must take a much more active interest in the improvement of productoin techniques; and that unions must spend more thought and more money in training their members for higher responsibilities in management.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION

Some unions are doing much in this way. Full-time officials are being trained to become industrial consultants in the service of the trade union movement. The Electrical Trades Union is planning to spend £12,000 (Rs. 1.59 lakhs) a year on technical education of this kind. It will be used to povide university scholarships in economics and technology and for technical courses to full-time officers, part-time district officials and shop stewards.

Another significant development in the same direction stands to the credit of the British Electricity Authority, whose chairman, Lord Citrine, has a long trade union experience. Under his chairmanship a summer school is to be held at which more than 100 employees of the Authority will be able to stud yand discuss various aspects of the new nationalised organisation of the electricity supply industry.

Lord Citrine and his colleagues believe that by an interchange of knowledge and experience about the workings of their own departments, the students will obtain not only a wider view of the way in which the duties and responsibilities of the new organisation are carried out, but will have a better conception of the common purpose that should inspire all who are engaged in this great national enterprise.

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION OF CLOTH POLICY

All-India Conference Of Cloth And Yarn Dealers' Views

The All-India Conference of Cloth and Yarn dealers was held recently in the Hall of the Mulji Jetha Market under the auspices of the Federation of the Piecegoods and Yarn Merchants Associations of India. The President of the Federation Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji presided on the occasion and a number of delegates from Cloth and Yarn Merchants Association all over India including the big manufacturing and distributing centres attended. Some of the resolutions passed are given below:—

This All-India Conference of Cloth and Yarn Dealers held under the auspices of the Federation of Piecegoods and Yarn Merchants Association of India, views with grave concern the present policy of Government to reimpose control restrictions on cloth and yarn trade. Whilst this Conference appreciates the anxiety of Government to supply cloth and yarn to consumers at reasonably low prices, it begs to point out that reimposition of control as announced will hardly serve the purpose. This Conference further submits that the rise in prices after decontrol was not entirely unexpected and such rise was not due to profiteering by the trade but was due to malpractices adopted by the unsocial section of the Industry and an exorbitant rising of prices by them. Even though the prices were thus raised exorbitantly the reaction of resolution out of such abnormal rise and the effect of the law of demand and supply had brought about a natural reduction in prices and if sufficient trial was given to the decontrol period natural adjustment of prices at low levels would have been reached and everybody concerned would have been spared the rigours of control. This Conference regrets that instead of remedying the real cause of complaint by bringing to book the real culprits who by their unsocial actions of bribery, corruption, favouritism and blackmarketting created this evil, the trade alone is being punished by eliminating it from the legitimate place in the trade channels merely because they come in direct touch with the consumers and are wrongly supposed to be pocketing huge profits.

In view of all these, this Conference feels that our own popular Government which has promised to give due justice, without fear or favour to every section of the population, is being completely misled and prejudiced against the trade and is doing gross injustice to them against all principles of equity and justice.

This Conference therefore requests Government to reconsider their policy in this behalf and accept the wholehearted co-operation from the trade which is prepared to help Government in distributing cloth and yarn through the existing trade channels at a scheduled margin of profit and under such Government supervision as may be deemed fit by them.

USE TRADE CHANNELS

In view of the work of distribution of Cloth and Yarn being left to their Provincial and States Governments by the Central Government, this Conference requests all Provincial Governments to utilise the mature experience of the existing trade channels in selecting the varieties wanted by the people and in distributing the same through their Organizations and credit system in different parts of a vast country like India. This Conference also urges Government to give adequate representation to representatives of trade on all advisory councils formed in provinces, districts, towns, villages etc., by the authorities concerned.

DISPOSAL OF STOCKS

In view of the policy announced by the Government of India ordering dealers to dispose off their existing stocks of cloth on or before 31-10-48 this Conference begs to point out that owing to the refusal or delay by the Textile Commissioner to issue transport permit for the movement of such goods and especially to such zones where alone such goods could be saleable for consumption, and owing to the inability of Provincial and States purchasers to purchase the same according to the instructions issued to them by the Provincial and States authorities to purchase from the manufacturers alone, it will not be possible for the dealers to dispose off their stocks within the time limit prescribed for the purpose. This Conference therefore requests Government to alter their decision in the matter and either purchase such stocks from the dealers or allow them necessary facilities to dispose off the same.

This Conference regrets that neither due regard is paid by Government to the representations made by various trade organisations in the country and nor even the same are acknowledged. This Conference also regrets that of unfavourable experience gained in the past through organisations packed with representatives of Industry, once again the newly appointed Textile Advisory is filled up with a majority of representatives of the Industry and trade is completely denied any representation on the same. This Conference therefore requests Government to reconsider their decision in the matter and reorganise this Advisory Council so as to give adequate representation to all interests concerned.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

In view of the strong economic factors prevailing in the Country due to inflation of currency and other causes the prices of all commodities have gone very high and accordingly if the prices of cloth and yarn have reached such levels the trade cannot be held responsible for the same as it is entirely beyond their control.

This Conference further points out that the abnormal rise in prices were fundamentally due to the unsocial activities of a large section of the Industry who are guilty of breach of their repeated assurances and pledges for maintaining fair prices made to Government and the people and in whose hands it has been exclusively left and with which or over which the trade has no control and therefore in all fairness to the trade they cannot be held responsible for the same.

This conference also begs to point out that one of the main reasons for rising of prices generally is the lower level of prices generally is the lower level of prices of cloth in India as compared to the parity of world prices of cloth, which has created temptations for and made possible smuggling of large quantities of cloth into the border line territories out of India. This Conference therefore urges Government to take suitable and strong measures to prevent recurrence of smuggling of cloth out of this Country.

This Conference calls upon its member bodies and all other Cloth and Yarn Associations to rally round the Federation which is the only All-India Organisation to serve the cause of the trade as a whole and to steadfastly, and fearlessly prepare themselves with such representative organisations as would inspire confidence and be useful, in undertaking the distribution of cloth and yarn to the entire satisfaction of the consumers and Government authorities concerned. This Conference strongly believes that such united efforts alone will save the existing trade channels from total ruination. This Tris Conference also urges all orgainsations to set aside their internal differences of opinion and present an United front in the larger interests of the trade.

Recession In Share Prices In July

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29 (A.P.I.): A press note says:- The index of Government Securities advanced fractionally to 115 in July (base 1927-28-100) as compared with the preceding month, but declined by three points as compared with the corresponding month of the preceding year.

The index of fixed yield securities for the month under review declined by one point to 159 (base: 1927-28-100) as compared with the preceding month by 10 points as compared with the corresponding month last year. Except for coal, which rose to 148, all items showed decreases ranging between less than a point (transit) and 7 points (paper). As compared with July 1947, all groups except transit showed decreases varying from 6 points in the case of tea to 31 points for paper. Transit recorded an increase of 5 points over the corresponding period.

The index variable yield securities fell by 4 points to 165 (base 1927-28-100) as compared with the preceding month and by 33 points as compared with July 1947. Paper shares showed an appreciable fall of 61 points as compared with the preceding month while other shares registered declines ranging from 2 (transit) to 11 points (iron and steel). Small advances of 3, 3, 4 and 4 points were noticeable under railways, banking, electricity and breweries respectively. Sugar, however, remained stationary at 146. As compared with July 1947, all shares except breweries registered declines ranging from ten points in the case of cement to 166 points in the case of iron and steel. Breweries showed an increase of 42 points over the corresponding month of the previous year.

On the whole a further recession in share prices was witnessed during the month under review.

PRODUCTION AND MARKETING OF WOOL

NEW DELHI, Aug. 28

A brochure on the marketing of wool in India issued by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India estimates the total production of wool in different parts of the country including Hyderabad State at 54.523 million lbs. of which about 41.14 million lbs. are exported every year. The U nited Kingdom is the principal buyers U.S.A. coming next India also imports on an average 19.24 million lbs. annually.

Of the total quantity of 32.63 million lbs. used for manufacture in the country 49.6 per cent is used one blankets 28.7 per cent by modern mills in cent in carpets 6.8 per cent for manufacture of yarn and 3.3 per cent for other purposes

The total value of the wool trade in the Indian Union is over Rs. 7 crores of which more than 4 crores worth of wool is exported. Bulk of the export trade takes place on the basis of consignments mostly to Liverpool and the price is determined at auctions at Liverpool.

The difficulties that face the wool trade are also briefly discussed in the brouchure and various suggestions have been made particularly in regard to the regulation of the quality of exports.

GOOD CROPS POSITION IN C. P. AND BERAR

NAGPUR, Aug. 29 (API): The condition of food and cotton crops is most satisfactory this year so far comparing favourably with that during last decade in many parts of the Province, enquiries in well-informed quarters disclose here today.

However, a prolonged break in the rains is considered essential. The continued heavy rains during the last three days over wide areas aroused fears of serious damage to the standing food crop of juar, which in some parts has already turned yellow owing to excessive moisture. Cotton will also suffer if there is no break in the rains. The cotton crop this year is stated to be most promising during the last ten years.

In Nagpur district there has been almost continuous rain during the past 68 hours and the sky is still overcast, causing anxiety to cultivators.

The rice tracts position continued satisfactory with expectations of good harvest.

CLOTH CONTROL IN ORISSA

Supply Minister Outlines Scheme Of Distribution

CUTTACK, Aug. 29. (A.P.I.): The Supply Minister of Orissa, Mr. Sadasiv Tripathi, in an interview explained today the Provincial Government's schemes for control and distribution of cloth which they proposed to re-introduce from September 1 next.

Mr. Tripathi said that the province would start its scheme with an AD HOC allotment of 10.300 bales of cloth which they had received from the centre According to present arrangements cloth would be directly despatched to wholesalers through Government clearing agents. Those who had been black-listed or convicted of offences would not be given any license to trade in cloth and the licensing authorities had been directed to strictly conform to this instruction.

Sale Of Iron And Steel Without Permits

NEW DELHI, August 28.

Registered stockholders of Iron and steel it was recently announced, would be allowed to sell without permits such of their stocks as were held by them on June 1, 1948, but which remained uncovered by permits issued by the Provincial Steel Controllers on August 31, 1948, subject to certain quantitative limits for such sale. It is understood that the following limits have now been prescribed upto which any person can acquire iron and steel from such stocks in any month for his own use:

Heavy structurals, 10 cwt; light structurals, 5 cwt; Black sheets, 3 cwt. Galvanised sheets, 2 cwt; Bars and rods, 5 cwt. Wire and wire nails, 1 cwt each

The Provincial Governments will issue necessary orders authorising the registered stockholders to sell such stocks without permits.

Australian Wheat Exports Touch New High

MELBOURNE, Aug. 29 (Reuter): Australian wheat exports this year, totalling 105,000,000 bushels up to August 21 are the biggest ever, Mr. C. T. Chapman, Acting Chairman of the Australian Wheat Board, said tonight.

Previous highest wheat figures were in 1939 to 1940 when 69,000,000 bushels were exported.

Stocks amounted to 70,000,000 bushels, he added.

DYES AND CHEMICALS

(From: Chatrabhuj K. Mavji.)
BOMBAY, Aug. 28.

'NAPTHOLS.

	Per Lb.
Sapthol AS	10 12
CBO	16 4
CSW	18 8
CBS	17 4
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	7 4
Fast Scarlet CKR Base	10 8
Fast Red CKCR Base	10 12
Fast Red CB Base	11 4
Garnet CKGBC Base	4 0
Yellow CGC Base	9 4
Corinth CB Base	7 0
Bordeaux CGP Base	12 0
Bordeaux CGP Salt	4 10
Scarlet CKR Salt	3 8
Blue CB Salt	5 8
DIRECT COLOURS.	
Direct Black Extra	5 4
Direct Green Extra	5 0
Direct Violet Extra	5 10
Direct Yellow 4GL	11 0
Direct Sky Blue Extra	7 2
Direct Rubin	5 0
Direct Brown	4 12
Direct Orange Extra	7 0
Diazo Black Extra	3 8
Chrysophenine Extra	10 8
Benzopurine 4B	7 0
Congo Red Extra	7 8
Direct Scarlet 4BS	9 8
Tarquoise Blue G	28 0
SULPHUR COLOURS.	
Sulphur Black 692	1 12
Sulphur Black R Special	1 7 6
Sulphur Black HK Grains	1 9 6
Alizarine 20 p c Paste	165 0
Alizarine 100 p c Powder	9 4
Methylene Blue Extra	6 4
Metanil Yellow Elephant	3 0
Metanil Yellow Extra	4 12
Methyl Violet Lumps	5 12
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	8 8
Magenta Extra	10 0
Diamond Green	11 0
Bismark Brown Extra	3 4
Malachite Green Crystals	7 0
Crysodine Extra	4 0
Auromine Extra	6 0
Acid Organge Extra	2 12
Soap Green	18 0
Acid Scarlet	5 0
Kumkum Scarlet	9 0
Rhodamine B Extra 500 p c	36 0
VAT FAST DYES.	
Vat Blue GCD Powder	41 0
Vat Blue RSN	41 8
Vat Dark Blue BC Powder	32 0
Vat Brilliant Green B900	48 0
Vat Brilliant Green B2100	130 0
Vat Olive Green B	20 0
Vat Yellow GC Powder	54 0
Vat Violet 4R	75 0
Vat Magenta	50 0
Vat Grey	20 0
Vat Brown	20 0
PRINTING COLOURS.	
Printosol CO	13 8
Printosol CO4B	33 0
Gold Yellow	68 0
Printosol Green	85 0
Rapid Red	23 0
Orange	24 0
Yellow	22 0
Indigo 60 p c Grains (American)	4 10
Indigo 50 p c Grains (French)	5 8
Indigo 60 p c Eng ib packing	6 0
CHEMICALS.	
Hydrosulphite	1 2
Bysulphite of Soda	58 0
Turkey Red Oil	52 0
Monopol, Napthol Soap	55 0
Soda Bicarb	58 0
Soda Ash	30 0
Stiaric Acid	2 8
Ammonia Powder	65 0
Ammonia Chloride	36 0
Sulphur Roi.	14 0
Sulphur Crude	10 0
Sodium Sulphide Indian	80 0
Sulphate or Alumina (Pure)	17 0
Aniline Salt	1 1
Bichromate of Potash	170 0
Zinc Dust	92 0
Cuastic Soda 1 Lb. pkg.	0 11
Acetic Acid	0 15
Formal De Hyde	0 13
White Sugar of Lead	158 0
Acitate of Lead	125 0
Boreaxcyrs	30 0

EXISTING INFLATION AND HIGH PRICES

Need For Drastic Measures

(By Sjt. Khandubhai N. Desai)

The rise in prices of almost all essential commodities is a source of anxiety to everybody concerned. The rising spiral of prices followed up by increase in dearness allowance among industrial workers, where dearness allowance is linked with the cost of living is a vicious circle which can only be broken if drastic remedies are taken to check the rising prices. The middle class employees artisans professionals, and other sections of society who have no connection with the profiteering are very hard it, and that the discontent which is mounting up amongst them, will have very wide political repurcussions The rise after the decontrol policy has been so abrupt and precipitious that the consumers at large are stunned. Various causes are being advanced for this economic callapse and various remedies are being suggested: however there is no denying the fact that unless the Government moves in the matter immediately, the situation might go out of control

SUDDEN RISE

It is necessary to go into the causes of the sudden rise in prices before any remedies are suggested. The immediate cause is the removal of control. There can be but one opinion that it has been done too early. I feel that without removing the inflationary causes the removal of control of prices of essential commodities would necessarily invite disaster. Removal of control is primarily responsible for the steep rise in prices during the last six months and it had added to the momentum of rise in prices of all goods which was already in existence. That tendency of prices to rise was in check however, the floodgate of control having been opened the pent-up tendency assumed torrential proportions, and therefore it is all the more necessary to take very drastic and effective steps to stabilise the prices at a level consistent with national economy.

EXAMINATION OF CAUSES

Before I proceed to suggest the ways and means I would briefly examine the causes, as the remedy must relate to the causes to be effective. The treatment of the present disease by its very nature cannot be palliative but it has to be permanent and effective. This treatment may look unpleasant but it will have to be applied as the relation between the supply and demand of various commodities have been disturbed. The factors responsible for this upsetting of equilibrium of the ordinary law of economics are PROFITEERING, HOARDING, AND A SORT OF ORGANISED NON-CO-OPERATION BY THE VESTED INTERESTS. The speculators have been left entirely free by the Government to further aggravate the situation. The production at home is limited and one cannot shut his eyes to the fact that the home production is not likely to advance considerably to ease the situation. All talks of increased production are theoretical and the State would have to plan its economy taking into consideration the obvious physical potentialities of only insignificant increases in production.

The railway transport is also no less responsible for creating glut in the producing centre while scarcity in the consuming centre for commodities which are either manufactured in the country or imported from abroad.

LARGE PURCHASING POWER

The rise in prices in the matter of food and other raw materials have put into the hands of rural population very large purchasing power while on the other hand, the consuption goods have not kept pace with this increased purchasing power. The fact of the rural indebtedness having been practically wiped out released considerable purchasing power to the rural population; the money, rent and land revenue to the landlords or Government remaining stationary have also increased the purchasing power to a further extent. The monetary increase in purchasing power does not necessarily mean higher standard of living which can only be assured by additional consumption goods the obvious remedy is to curtail by some means the purchasing power.

The tax evasion indulged in by profiteers and black marketeers is also responsible for the present deteriorating to me only palliative measuis in my opinion, on the verge of collapse.

CLOTH CONTROL

The recent alround control of production and distribution of cloth and the contemplated control over cotton prices along with discriminative control, rationing, and distribution of food grains by different provinces are according to me only pallaitive measures. These measures will not produce permanent and stabilising results unless steps are taken to freeze some portion of surplus credit and surplus currencies that are playing their natural part in pushing the prices higher and higher. The unavailability of capital goods within a short time and even if the capital goods are available according to sterling adjustment it will take at least two years before any additional commodities are put into market.

The Central Government in the interest of the over-all national economy should pay increasing attention to this aspect of national economy particularly in the matter of cloth production which includes hand-spinning also. The step-motherly attitude and little sympathy shown towards cottage and rural industries requires to be radically altered and the Government should not only assist the existing cottage industries but should take immediate steps to foster new cottage industries by the methods of hondsome subsidies I am firmly of the view that any effective and immediat esteps in this direction will greatly assists in solving the impending economic collapse that is threatening the country today. This aspect of our national economy should be considered as an indispensalbe integral part of solving the present crisis which requires cheap and adequate supply of consumption goods This will also harness incidentally the vast unused human energy in productive channels. The attempt to increase the production of consumption goods through imported capital goods at high prices will naturally not take us to our cherished goal of cheaper products even if the capital goods are available There is no escape from giving high priority to cottage industries from whatever angle one may look at it.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION

The campaign that is going on for increasing agricultural production and the huge development plans towards this and will yet take quite a few years before they fructify and food is made available in concrete form to the consumers. This period of development is again fraught with economic consequences which have also to be taken into consideration. At the same time huge loans would have to be raised for this purpose. Large number of workers would have to be engaged. The whole of this period of development would not give us any more food and the sortage of food will have to be met by importing additional foodstuffs which als would require money. The problem therefore before the country is to adjust monetary and currency problems in such a way that with the static production for the next five years coupled with industrial and agricultural development programme, cheap consumption goods are to be made available to the people. It is no use hiding the fact that the talk of increased production is unreal in the existing context and the country would have to adjust itself to the supply that will be available.

MEASURES SUGGESTED

(1) As a first step the cotton and cloth should be fixed at a level which should be maintained by planned control of these two commodities—both in the matter of procurement and distribution. The production of the textiles should be so controlled that the textile mills produce only utility cloth of coarse and medium counts and the cloth so produced should be made durable by making it as square cloth as technically possible. The manufacture of cloth over 40s counts should be entirely prohibited.

(2) The speculation in any of the esential commodities must be prohibited by law.

(3) The Banks should be prohibited from advancing on the hypothecation of essential commodities.

(4) Food articles should be sold through the Government fair price shops at rates to be fixed at a level which may be higher by 150 per cent over the pre-war level.

(5) Purchasing power of those whose monthly income is more than Rs. 500/- should be contracted by making it obligatory on the employer to give to their employees only 80 per cent of their salary while the remaining 20 per cent should be frozen by means of deferred payment Bonds which are made negotiable and cashable after a period five years.

(6) The Government must make arrangements to issue new paper Currency which may be exchanged with the existing currency within a fixed period at the rate of 80 percent of the value tendered at the Bank or Post Office or the Revenue Offices. The remaining 20 per cent should be met by issuing to the tenderer, the Deferred Payment Government Bonds to be cashable and negotiable after a period of fice years. These Bonds as envisagd should not bear any interest for the period of five years.

(7) The amount invested as deposits or investments in Banks or Government Securities by the firms corporative Bodies corporations individuals or any other institutions should be frozen for immediate use to the extent of about 33-1/3 per cent. The frozen amount should not bear any interest as the purpose of this action is to increase the general purchasing power of all money. The frozen amount should b ealso made non-negotiable The releases from this frozen amount should only be given by a certificate of the Reserve Bank of India for the purpose of purchasing capital goods from abroad or financing any new industrial floatations which may naturally require capital goods.

The steps contemplated above will naturally reduce the potential purchasing power to some extent and will help in fighting the inflationary trend.

(8) The recent agreement arrived at with U.K., with regard to sterling balances should be fully utilized.

(9) The export trade should also be entirely handled by the Government in order to eliminate the Huge profits in these trades which is also a factor in pushing up inflation.

(10) The Central and Provincial Governments must deliberately plan to produce surplus budgets so that a portion of additional purchasing power can be withdrawn through taxation.

The alternative to the above mentioned freezing of the part of the purchasing power is to devalue the currency by half. Any devaluation of the currency is likely to shake the confidence of the people in the paper currency and therefore th above mntioned remedy is suggested as an alternative antidote to inflation.

Pan American To Cut Fares

Sweeping fare reductions for trans-atlantic air travel from India to the United States have been announced by Pan American World Airways. Application has been made to the United States Government Authorities by the airline for establishment of a special return fare from India, Europe and Africa.

Pan American's new fares will permit trans-atlantic air travellers to purchase return passage to the U. S. A. for approximately one-third more than the present cost of a single journey. Whereas the present round-trip between Bombay and New York, for example, is Rs. 5252 the new return rate will be Rs. 4.010.

Company Meetings

MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.: General meeting will be held on August 31st, at 5-15 p.m. Dividend 16 per cent.

AIR-INDIA LTD.: Annual general meeting on August 31st, at 4-30 p.m Dividend 6 per cent.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK LTD.: Annual general meeting September 4th, at 2. p.m Dividend 5 per cent

ESTRELLA BATTERIES LTD.: Annual general meeting September 23rd at 5-30 p.m.

BRADBURY MILLS: Annual general meeting September 29th, at 4 p.m.

Wholesale Price Index

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29. (A.P.I.): Wholesale prices in India as measured by the Economic Adviser's index, registered a further decline of 0.6 per cent during the week ended August 14, 1948 and the index which stood at 386.3 (base—year ended August 1939-100) was 1.0 per cent lower than that of a month ago but 28.1 per cent more than that of the corresponding week of last year says a press note.

SHIPPING NEWS

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

ALAVI (Mogul Line) from Karachi on August 28 with 1228 passengers (Agents M.M.).

CITY OF SWANSEA (Ellerman) from Philadelphia on August 27 with 3800 tons geenral cargo. (Agents Forbes).

DEPARTURES

VIRGINIA MAY left for Karachi on August 27 with 1025 tons general cargo.

BRITISH SOLDIER for Abadan on August 27 in ballast.

MOUNT ROGERS for New York on August 27 with 8400 tons general cargo.

INTER—SERVICES WING

ARMED FORCES ACADEMY

In pursuance of the policy to commence the work of the National War Academy on an experimental basis, it has been decided to add an Inter-Services Wing to the Indian Military Academy from January, 1949. Selection of Candidates for training in this Wing will begin very shortly. Duration of the course will approvimately be two years. This will be followed by further pre-Commission training of the Services for which a candidate may be selected.

To be eligible for admission to the Inter-Services Wing of the Armed Forces Academy, candidates must be between the ages of 15 and 17 years on the 1st of January, 1949 and must be nationals of India by birth or by domicile.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

Candidates must possess one of the following qualifications.

(i) Must have passed Matriculation or its equivalent examination (as recognized by the F. P. S. C.) in the second division or have obtained at least 45 per cent of the aggregate marks.

(ii) Must have passed Senior Cambridge Examination.

(iii) Indian Army Special Certificate Examination.

(iv) Leading Aircraft Hand Examination of the RIAF.

(v) Higher Education Test of the R. I. N.

Further particulars and application forms, etc., may be obtained from the nearest Sub-Area Headquarters or the Recruiting Officer.

Applications must reach the nearest Sub-Area Headquarters before the 1st of October, 1948

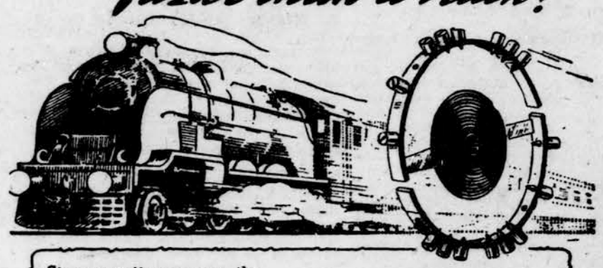
A.C. 404

AMRUTANJAN

THE

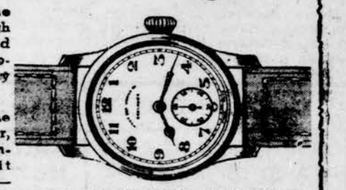
ATOM BOMB Pain Balm

Did you realise that a watch runs faster than a train?



Strange as it may seem, the balance-wheel of a watch runs at just the same speed as the wheels of a locomotive travelling at sixty miles per hour.

The performance of the balance-wheel is, however, incomparably greater. Unlike the locomotive, it works continuously—twentyfour hours each day, for weeks, months and years, with little attention except periodical oiling and cleaning.



The SECUNDUS MODERN
Nickel Silver, with Steel Back Rs. 66
Rolled Gold, 20 microns .. Rs. 92

No machinery is called upon for such long and unremitting service as a watch. It is therefore only prudent that such an instrument should be bought from a firm of the highest repute. You are safe with a watch bearing the name 'West End Watch Co.'

WEST END WATCH Co.

BOMBAY CALCUTTA

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B 1065

PLANNING FEDERAL CONSTITUTION FOR EUROPE

Aim Of Interlaken Congress Session

DRAFT PLANS FOR ASSEMBLY TO BE READY BEFORE SEPTEMBER

LONDON, August 29. (Reuter): The dream of European unity will—at least for a few fleeting days—assume concrete shape this week in the Swiss Lakeside resort of Interlaken when 250 members of European Parliaments assemble there to talk about a "Federal Constitution" for Europe.

Their aim is to urge upon the nations of Europe the immediate convocation of a Constituent Assembly for Europe and to thrash out the principles of a European constitution.

BRITAIN'S LEAD

British leaders of the European Parliamentary Union, which is calling the Interlaken Congress, have exploited that each of the 17 Parliaments expected to be represented would dispose of a number of votes corresponding to the millions of their national population. Thus Britain will have 48 votes, Italy 47, France 42, Belgium 8 and Switzerland 4.

"All nations living between the Pyrennes and the Iron Curtain" will be represented, it was stated.

Parliamentarians have been invited to Interlaken from Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Eire, France, Western Germany, Great Britain, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey.

All eleven Parliaments of Western Germany as well as the Parliament of the Saar will be represented.

DRAFT PLANS

At least two draft plans for a European Assembly will be ready when the Interlaken Congress assembles on September 1 has been prepared by the Parliamentary Unions Juridical Committee under the chairmanship of M Francois de Menthon. The other comes from Mr R W G Mackay, Labourite and dynamic spokesman of the European Union idea on the left, who published his 6,000 word "Blueprint" last week.

FOUNDER MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY

It proposes that the "Marshall countries" banded together in the organisation for European economic co-operation shall be the "founder members" of the European Assembly. Spain and the Eastern nations—with the exception of Russia—would be invited to join, provided they are willing to abide by the rules of the Assembly and subscribe to a declaration of human rights.

Although in Mr Mackay's view the most satisfactory method for convening the Constituent Assembly would be by election based on adult franchise, he thinks this would cause delay and that the only practicable course would be to use the existing Parliaments as electing bodies. He would give each State two Deputies for each million of its population and proposes that the Assembly be called in Paris for March 31, 1949.

Under Mr. Mackay's plan the federation would be known as "Union of Europe" Its legislative power would be vested in a Parliament composed of a Senate and a Chamber of Deputies with executive power in the hands of a President elected by both Houses and a "Council" chosen by the Chamber of Deputies.

The far-reaching powers reserved to the Government of the "Union of Europe" would include foreign relations, defence, preservation of law and order within the union, essential services such as posts and other communications, broadcasting, immigration and emigration as well as customs currency and banking.

NANKING FORCES' SURPRISE MOVE

Changshun Airfield Captured: Red Reverses In Honan And Shansi

SHANGHAI, August 29, (Reuter) Chinese Government forces recaptured Tafungsan Airfield on the south-western approaches to the isolated Manchurian capital of Changshun in a surprise counter-attack and are now clearing the airfield to receive airborne reinforcements and supplies, according to Government despatches received here today.

Changchun's other airfield is still in the hands of Communist forces.

Government troops also claimed successes in north Anhwei, north-west Honan and central Shansi—all important centres where attacks have been launched to disrupt Communist preparations for an autumn offensive.

General Yen Shi-San's army, striking from Tai Yuan, recaptured several mountain strongholds, semi-official reports here stated, while the two-pronged counter-offensive in north Anhwei made "good progress" towards the rice producing centre of Fowyang.

'RED' EVACUATIONS

As powerful Government forces stepped up the tempo of their drive against Kweiteh, near the border of east Honan and northern Anhwei, Communist units in Honan evacuated the towns of Taikong and Hweiyang, 50 and 70 miles south of Kaifeng respectively, and crossed into west Shantung, the reports stated. Official Government reports announced that General Futsoyi, Commander-in-Chief, North China, completed the regrouping of his forces following the recent Government decision to place the entire Peiping-Suiyuan Railway under his control.

Shansi forces, formerly stationed in the Taung sector, have been moved southward to strengthen the defences of Taiyuan, as a result.

'SUPPRESSION NOW OR NEVER'

Former Singapore Governor's Plea For More Troops

LONDON, Aug. 29, (Reuter): Britain's policy in Malaya should be complete suppression of Communism now and "relentless watch in the future", Sir Shenton Thomas, Governor of Singapore at the time of the Japanese invasion, said today in an article in the mass circulation Sunday newspaper "News of the World". "It is certain that if Malaya goes Communist the whole of South-East Asia will follow", he warned. He appealed for more and more troops "because the greater our strength the more encouraged will the local Asiatic population be to join in the hunt". Balming the growth of Communism on China-born immigrants to Malaya, Sir Shenton said that in the thirties, when it was developing, "the Indian and Malayan communities were little affected and on the whole were apathetic to Communist approach". This appeared still to be the case but Communist influence was great because of "the inherent readiness of the Asiatic to be intimidated."

SIMLA, Aug. 29. (U.P.I.): Minimum age prescribed for women for inclusion in electoral roll for territorial Constituency is 21 years and not 18 years as has been published erroneously in a Provincial Congress Committee Circular says an official announcement. The age prescribed for men is also the same.

Saved Boy But Lost His Own Life

MADRAS, August 29. (A.P.I.): A doctor attached to the Indian Medical Hospital, Madras, met with his death while trying to save a boy in danger last evening near the Hospital.

The boy was shouting for help having touched a live wire that had just then snapped. Dr. Rajavelu Mudaliar rushed to his help and managed to extricate him. But in the process the doctor himself received a shock as a result of which he died immediately.

The boy who was taken to the hospital is free from danger. His thumb had to be amputated.

Our Karachi Letter

FOREIGN COAL FOR PAKISTAN

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Aug. 28—Since India is unable to meet fully the demands of Pakistan for the supplies of Coal and Steel, arrangements are being made for their import from other foreign countries.

Negotiations in this respect are started to be going on in London with Polish authorities to supply coal and Machineries in exchange of Pakistan's Cotton, Jute and other raw materials while Belgium is being tapped for the supply of steel.

TRADE PACT BETWEEN PAKISTAN AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Negotiations are still going on between Pakistan and Czechoslovakia for a trade pact between the two countries. Czechoslovakia is in need of raw materials from Pakistan such as Cotton, Jute, Hides and skins while Pakistan desires cloth, yarn and machinery from this country in exchange. An agreement on reciprocal basis is expected to be signed soon.

AIR AGREEMENT BETWEEN PAKISTAN AND AUSTRALIA

Talks for an air agreement between Pakistan and Australia are now over and delegations of both these countries have arrived at certain conclusion which they have submitted to their respective countries for final approval. In the meantime the arrangements are being kept a secret and a joint official announcement will be made as soon as both the Government have approved the proposals.

WOOLEN CLOTH FROM TURKEY

Turkey, it is learnt, has agreed to sell large quantities of woolen cloth to Pakistan. Samples of these have now been received officially and orders are being placed so that the cloth arrives in time for the new winter season.

SMUGGLED GOLD RECOVERED

About 540 tolas of gold worth nearly 55,000/- was recovered by Customs Preventives Staff from some Arab passengers coming from Basra by S. S. Dwarka.

This is the fifth big haul of gold from the same ship as its passengers seem to be smuggling this precious metal by every trip this ship makes between Bombay and Persian Gulf ports.

Gold worth over five lakhs of rupees has been detected and confiscated in this way within the last two months by the Karachi Customs authorities.

SPECIAL COURT TO TACKLE CURRUPTION

With a view to arrange early disposal of about 37 cases of corruption and fraud detected by tht Pakistan Special Police against officers and men of the Central or Provincial Governments, a Special Court is being established in Karachi.

All these cases are now pending before various Courts in Karachi and their early disposal is expected to have deterrent effect on other officers as corruption and bribery are said to be rampant all over the Dominion.

Film Censor Board For Pakistan

A move is afoot to eet up a Film Censor Board for the Pakistan Dominion which will censor all the films to be shown in any cinema of the Dominion before presentation to the public.

CALCUTTA, August 28. (A.P.I.): The President of the All-India Students' Congress, Mr. Aurobindo Bose, has announced the release of all district units of West Bengal from allegiance and loyalty to the All-India Students' Congress and has empowered them to set up their own independent organisation.

DALMIA TAKES OFF FOR LONDON

NEW DELHI, August 29 (UPI).—Seth Rama Krishna Dalmia, the well-known India industrialists, left Delhi tonight by Pan American Airways for London 'en route' to Luxemburg, with a view to study the problem of One World Government.

Geneva Trade And Tariffs Conference

GENEVA, August 28 (Reuter).—Dr. E. De Vries, the Netherlands delegate, today told the conference of the 22 nations applying the Geneva Tariffs and Trade Agreement that he hoped the proposed Indonesian Federation would be independently represented at the next meeting of the Conference in March or April next year.

The Conference of the nation's applying the Trade and Tariffs Agreement today allowed Ceylon's appeal for permission to withdraw some of the tariff concessions made on her behalf when the agreement was signed last year.

'A Racket And A Scandal'

U. N. R. R. A.'s Distribution Of Australian Supplies In China

SYDNEY, Aug. 28 (Reuter)—Mr. Leslie Haylen, Australian Labour Member of Parliament who recently led an Australian Parliamentary delegation to Japan, tonight described the distribution of Australian food and medical supplies in China by the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration as a racket and a scandal.

Mr. Haylen said he was making a special report to Parliament on his investigations into UNRRA.

Even our blood plasma is sold on the black market, Mr. Haylen said. "The starving people Australia wanted to help got practically none of our blankets flour and other goods. Valuable machinery is still in the workshops."

The £19,000,000 which Australia gave to UNRRA as far as China was concerned could have been poured down the drain, Mr. Haylen added.

Bombay Deal For West Bengal Mill Workers

TRIBUNAL'S AWARD LINKS WAGES TO PRODUCTION

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29 (API): Wages of workers in 36 West Bengal Cotton Mills will be linked to production under the award of the Tribunal appointed by the Provincial Government to adjudicate on the disputes between the employers and workers of these mills.

In giving its award the tribunal has based its calculations on a study of the average production of cloth in West Bengal mills compared with that of Bombay mils and the minimum wages paid by the latter. This has been done to ensure that there may not be much disparity in the costs of production of similar articles in Bombay and West Bengal, so that the cotton textile industry in West Bengal may be kept alive.

The tribunal has found that compared to the Bombay mills most of the West Bengal mills are small and uneconomic units and the proportionate overhead expenses are heavier in Bengal. The production of a man in Bengal works out at 1,835 lbs. against 3,352 lbs. in Bombay City and Island. Giving a start of 400 points to the unskilled worker in weaving and composite mills in West Bengal, the present basic wages of such a worker have been fixed at Rs. 20/2/5 at a cost of living index of 105 against Rs. 30 in Bombay. These basic wages will fluctuate in terms of production of workers. Quarterly examinations will be held in each mill and if production is found to have increased or decreased wages will be correspondingly increased or decreased on a scale upto a maximum of Rs. 30 and a minimum of Rs. 16/9/1.

Skilled and semi-skilled workers will be given additional payments in accordance with the skill and nature of their work, such additional payment being terms differential.

Communist Underground Unearthed In Malaya

IPOH, PERAK, August 29, (Reuter): An attempt to organise a Communist underground movement among trade unionists has been discovered in Perak, Malay's richest tin producing state.

Thirty-year-old Fong Choon Lov, Chairman of the now illegal Communist-dominated Perak Federation of Trade Unions, has issued a manifesto declaring that the federation had not been dissolved, and that all European capitalist concerns would be the object of attack.

Fong, one of twelve wanted men for whom the Malayan Federation Government last week offered a reward totalling 120,000 Straits Dollars (about £14,000) was believed to have written his manifesto recently in his headquarters somewhere in Perak.

All support hitherto given to the Federation was now to be given to the Malayan people's Anti-British army to which all the federation funds had been transferred, the manifesto said.

Fong wound up his manifesto by declaring that "MacDonald will undoubtedly get a similar ending to Yamashita".

General Tomoyuke Yamashita, Japanese General who took Singapore in February 1942, and former C.-in-C. Japanese forces in the Philippines, was hanged in February 1946 after being tried as a war criminal.

BRITISH CRUISER FOR SINGAPORE

LONDON, August 29, (Reuter): The British cruiser, "London" the flagship of the Pacific Fleet, has been recalled to Hongkong from a two.. months' cruise in Japanese waters and will sail shortly for Singapre the Admiralty announced today.

BID TO PREVENT TERRORIST INCURSION INTO SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE, Aug. 29. (Reuter): A large force of Singapore police, Gurkhas and Inniskilling fusiliers today "swept" the Pontian Peninsula, Johore State, ten miles west of Singapore island, following reports of terrorists training there.

An army spokesman said the sweep was a precaution against the spread of terrorism to the island.

Johore State is under the military command of Singapore, it was announced yesterday.

An Auster spotting plane and spitfires patorlled overhead while police landed on the peninsula from the sea. Gurkhas sealed the outlets, and the fusiliers combed the area.

No terrorists were contacted, but several Chinese detained for questioning.

NIZAM DENIES ATTACK ON KALABANDI VILLAGE

No Hyderabad armed forces were within ten miles of Kalabandi on the day of the alleged clash, says a Nizam's Government's press note characterising as "false" the Indian newspaper reports that "Hyderabad troops and Razakars had fought a pitched battle with the Kisan Dal men at village Kalabandi in Raichur District on August 22.

"Kalabandi, an unprotected village, was attacked by the raiders but no Hyderabad troops or Razakars were involved in the incident."

BRITISH TRADES UNION CONGRESS TO OPPOSE WAR

Margate Session To Condemn Purge Of Communists From Civil Service

LONDON, August 29 (Reuter).—Redhot battle over Britain's rise in living costs is likely to be waged at the eightieth Trades Union Congress opening on September 6 at the seaside town of Margate.

The number and tone of resolutions in the agenda indicate heavy and growing resentment at the results of the Government's six-month-old policy of freezing wages and prices.

PROTEST AGAINST MOUNTING PRICES

Nine resolutions protesting at mounting prices are down for debate, and one—put forward by the National Union of vehicle builders—bluntly asks Congress to tell the Government it no longer supports its policy because that support was dependent on something that has not happened—reduction of prices and curtailment of profits.

REMOVAL OF PURCHASE TAX

Expressing "profound concern" at prices "which are the cause of a serious decline in working-class living standards," one resolution urges the removal of purchase tax from a wide range of consumer goods.

Resolutions calling for more Trade Union Control of Nationalised Industries will conflict with the General Council's report which dismisses the idea of Unions and Managements sitting together as a danger to trade union independence.

OTHER RESOLUTIONS

Other resolutions are:

Peace: The Electrical Trades Union calls on Britain to take the initiative in proposing a conference of the heads of Government in Britain, United States and the Soviet Union to thrash out differences.

Trading: The Government is urged to extend trade with Russia, especially with a view to exchanging British machinery for Russian timber.

Civil Service: The shortest resolution on the agenda disapproves of the Government purge of Communists from the Civil Service.

Fascism: The TUC General Council is asked to press the Government for a law making antisemetic propaganda—verbal or printed—illegal.

'SPITFIRES' GO INTO ACTION AGAINST BURMESE REDS

Bassein In Government's Hands: But No Rice Exports Yet

RANGOON, Augst 29 (Reuter).—Burmese Air Force Spitfires spearheaded the Government's northern drive against Prome—key railhead on the east bank of Irrawaddy, 150 miles north-west of Rangoon—when the offensive was resumed after Burmese Sappers repaired several blown-up bridges along the Rangoon-Prome Railway.

A mass citizens' meeting at the City Hall here today pledged "all out support" for the Government's anti-insurrection campaign. The meeting elected a "Peace Preservation Committee", including leaders of different committees, to consider ways and means of safeguarding the "interests of the people." Prome is the Government's immediate objective in their campaign against the insurgents. The Government needs to get a firm grip on the two Railways which fan in a "V" shape from Rangoon to Prome to the north-west and Mandalay to the north, in order to move their troops to the widely scattered rockets of insurgent resistance. Northernmost of these pockets is at Shwebo, near Mandalay; the most southernly is in the Pegu district, near Rangoon.

Government forces, under former Karen Minister Colonel San Po Thin, are contenting themselves with securing the port of Bassein and staging periodical raids on mobile insurgent bands. Bassein itself is under Government control and the morale of the inhabitants is reported to have improved, but it is still closed as a rice exporting port.

The Government's ability to maintain control of Rangoon, Bassein and other seaports is virtually assured, but the question of getting rice from the interior to these ports depends on the progress of its campaign against the insurgents and, particularly, the safe passage of traffic along Burma's key railways.

MINOR ENGAGEMENTS NEAR MANDALAY

RANGOON, August 29 (Reuter).—Burma Government troops engaged in small actions against insurgents in the Myingyan District, South-west of Mandalay, and in the Toungoo area between Rangoon and Mandalay, according to an official "communique" tonight.

It added that Government forces and "Red Flag" Communists had clashed at Monywa, on the Chindwin river north-west of Mandalay.

Plea For Burmese Consulates In East Pakistan

DACCA, Aug. 29 (UPI).—U Po Kin, Burmese Ambassador to Pakistan, said at a press conference that from the experience of his one-week tour in East Bengal, especially in Dacca and in Chittagong, he felt that two consulates—one at Chittagong and another at Dacca—should be opened immediately.

U Po Kin who came to Dacca for the second time from Karachi on his way to Rangoon, spent most of his time in visiting Arakan settlers at Cox Bazar and several other places in Chittagong. These settlers numbering about 36,000 came over to this country during the second Anglo-Burmese war.

In reply to a question whether these settlers wanted to go back he replied that one small section might be thinking of it, but his Government, he believed, would not take such responsibility unless they had certain elaborate schemes to rehabilitate them.

WHY CHINESE YOUTH TURNED 'RED'

AMSTERDAM, August 28 (Reuter).—The Youth of China did not really like Communism, but they embraced it "because they are so enthusiastic about their country's political affairs", Prof. Li Kenneth told the World Council of Churches here today.

They felt their country was corrupt and they ran the risk of turning Leftist to save it, he added.

Among those attending the Conference there is a strong move to ensure that invitations are given to one or more of the younger Church organisations, such as those in India and Africa, to be represented on the Central Committee of the Assembly.

ABSTENTION FROM KILLING IS IMPOSSIBLE

Shaw's Reply To Charge Of Deviation From Vegetarian Ethics

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29, (Reuter): George Mernard Shaw accused of "serious deviations" from vegetarian ethics has denied "taking liver injections for many years" and has said that absentention from killing is impossible.

In one of his famous post-card replies he told Mr Symon Gould, Vice-Presidential Candidate for the Vegetarian Party who also accused him of favouring Cod Liver Oil: "I have never ascribed my longevity to my vegetarian diet".

"I come from a longlived and fertile family all meat eaters. I do not claim exceptionally good health.

"I have not been 'taking liver injections for many years. When I was 82 I tried them to cure an attack of pernicious anemia. Result—I dropped apparently dead twice and have not since had any injections.

"Gland extracts are no more outside vegetarian diet than milk and cheese. Vegetarian diet is vital diet vegetable diet is a different matter.

"Abstention from killing is impossible If you gnow nothing of locusts and white ants, you have at least heard of Colordo Beetle". "G.B.S."

NAGPUR, August 28. (A.P.I.): All the nine ministers of the Central Province Government have been exempted from personal appearance in civil courts in the Province, according to an official notification gazetted here to-day.

B. B. And C. I. Suburban Schedule Upset For An Hour

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The B. B. & C. I. suburban railway service was out of schedule this morning for a short span of one hour. The disorganisation in the service was caused by the failure of a local train at Matunga which held up other trains. The service was resumed at about 10 a.m.

U.S. 'News Hound' Released From Russian Custody

BERLIN, Aug. 28 (Reuter)—Mr. Jack Meehan, Berlin correspondent of an American news agency, was released from Russian custody this afternoon and returned to the American Sector.

THE HAGUE, August 28. (Reuter): The Dutch Government's draft proposals for an interim Federal Government in Indonesia are expected to be discussed here with non-Republican Indonesians now visiting The Hague for Princess Juliana's investiture as queen The discussions will probably open on September 7 and it is believed here the outcome will be satisfactory.

MUTT AND JEFF—They Should Have Dated Reports In The Old Days

By BUD FISHER

GOSH, THIS REPORT CARD IS TERRIBLE! FORTY IN SPELLIN', FIFTY-FIVE IN HISTORY!
ARITHMETIC'S NOT SO BAD - SIXTY -- BUT DEPORTMENT - "E" THAT'S BAD!
WELL, THAT'S LIFE I GUESS!
CICERO!
I'M ASHAMED OF YOU! THIS REPORT CARD IS ABSOLUTELY THE WORST I'VE EVER SEEN!
AIN'T IT THOUGH! IT'S ONE OF YOUR OLD ONES.. I FOUND IT UP IN THE ATTIC, POP!
?

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